## National Curriculum 2022 Scheme of Work





# Statutory Requirements and school curriculum

	NC Programme of study	Additional school	Photos
		curriculum	
EY	Early Years Framework characteristics of	Additional coverage in	
FS	effective learning:	<ul> <li>school:</li> <li>Milk and fruit time</li> </ul>	
	Self-Regulation	<ul> <li>PE Coach</li> </ul>	
(N	Nursery (Three and Four-Year-Olds)	Dance Coach	
&	Separates from main carer with support and	<ul> <li>Toothbrushing at</li> </ul>	
R)	encouragement from a familiar adult. •Expresses	BClub	
	own preferences and interests.	Reward systems	
	•Can select and use activities and resources with help. To help achieve a goal they have chosen	Behaviour system	
	•Develop their sense of responsibility and	<ul><li> Respect Week</li><li> Circle time</li></ul>	
	membership of a community	<ul> <li>Wash hands posters</li> </ul>	
	•Welcomes and values praise for what they have	Assemblies	Con Suit
	done. •Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small	<ul> <li>Theatre company</li> </ul>	
	tasks.	<ul> <li>Feelings chart</li> </ul>	
	• Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and	Buddies	
	more confident in new social situations.	Stories	
	•Confident to talk to other children when playing (one or more), and will communicate freely about	<ul> <li>National occasions - Mother's Day,</li> </ul>	
	own home and community. Extending and	Valentines Day,	
	elaborating play ideas	Father's Day etc	E Park
	•Increasing following rules and understanding why	<ul> <li>Displays, artwork,</li> </ul>	
	they are important	<ul> <li>Reading corners,</li> </ul>	
	•Remembering rules without adults reminding them	Library time	
	<ul> <li>Shows confidence in asking adults for help.</li> </ul>	Sensory room time	
	Desention	• Turn taking,	
	Reception	borrowing items (library)	
	Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions.	<ul> <li>Church visits, local</li> </ul>	
	• Can describe self in positive terms and talk	library visits, local	
	about abilities.	area visits	
	•Express their feelings and consider the feelings	<ul> <li>Forest school,</li> </ul>	
	of others	looking after play	
	•Show resilience and perseverance in the face of	yard Futuruiteeneelt	$X \setminus$
	challenge	<ul> <li>Enterprise week</li> <li>School Nurse</li> </ul>	
	•Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally	workshops	
	•Think about the perspective of others	<ul> <li>Food Studies from</li> </ul>	
	Early Learning Goal	Newcastle	
	Children are confident to try new activities, and	University	
	say why they like some activities more than others.	Road Safety	
	They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will	Constant provision	
	talk about their ideas, and will choose the	<ul> <li>In Harmony music project</li> </ul>	
	resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.	<ul> <li>Balance Bikes</li> </ul>	
	Show an understanding to their own and others	<ul> <li>Zones of Regulation</li> </ul>	
	feelings, begin to regulate their own behaviour	<ul> <li>Commando Joe</li> </ul>	
	accordingly	• OPAL	
	Set and work towards simple goals., wait for what		
	they want and control their immediate impulses		
	Give focused attention to what the teacher says,		
	respond appropriately even when they are		
	engrossed in an activity, show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.		
	men actions involving several locas or actions.	l	

Building Relationships	
Nursery:	
Interested in others' play and starting to join in.	
Seeks out others to share experiences.	
Shows affection and concern for people who are	
pecial to them.	
May form a special friendship with another child.	
an play in a group, extending and elaborating play	
deas, e.g. building up a role-play activity with	
ther children.	
Initiates play, offering cues to peers to join	
hem.	
Keeps play going by responding to	
Shows solution to conflicts and rivalries.	
Shows solution to conflicts and rivalries.	
Inderstand gradually how others might be feeling	
evelop appropriate ways of being assertive	
Shows solution to conflicts and rivalries.	
Inderstand gradually how others might be feeling	
Reception	
Initiates conversations, attends to and takes	
ccount of what others say.	
Explains own knowledge and understanding, and	
sks appropriate questions of others.	
Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other	
hildren, e.g. finding a compromise.	
arly Learning Goal Children	
lay co-operatively, taking turns with others. They	
ake account of one another's ideas about how to	
rganise their activity. They show sensitivity to	
thers' needs and feelings, and form positive	
elationships with adults and other children	
Builds constructive and respectful relationships	
Think about the perspective of others	
ïLG's	
Vork and play cooperatively and take turns with	
thers	
form positive attachments to adults, and	
riendships with peers	
ihow sensitivity to their own and others needs	

	<u>Managing Self</u>	
	Nursery:	
	•Seeks comfort from familiar adults when needed.	
	•Can express their own feelings such as sad, happy,	
	cross, scared, worried.	
	•Responds to the feelings and wishes of others.	
	•Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others.	
	<ul> <li>Tries to help or give comfort when others are</li> </ul>	
	distressed. •Shows understanding and cooperates	
	with some boundaries and routines.	
	•Can inhibit own actions/behaviours, e.g. stop	
	themselves from doing something they shouldn't	
	do.	
	•Growing ability to distract self when upset, e.g.	
	by engaging in a new play activity.	
	Aware of own feelings, and knows that some	
	actions and words can hurt others' feelings.	
	<ul> <li>Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with</li> </ul>	
	support from others. •Can usually tolerate delay	
	when needs are not immediately met, and	
	understands wishes may not always be met.	
	•Can usually adapt behaviour to different events,	
	social situations and changes in routine.	
	•Be increasingly independent in meeting their own	
	care needs eg. brushing teeth, using the toilet,	
	washing and drying their hands thoroughly	
	•Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity	
	and toothbrushing.	
	•Know and talk about the different factors that	
	support their overall health and wellbeing: regular	
	physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing,	
	sensible amount of screen time, having a good sleep	
	routine and being a safe pedestrian	
	Reception	
	<ul> <li>Understands that own actions affect other</li> </ul>	
	people, for example, becomes upset or tries to	
	comfort another child when they realise they have	
	upset them.	
	<ul> <li>Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural</li> </ul>	
	expectations in the setting.	
	•Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve	
	problems without aggression, e.g. when someone	
	has taken their toy. Early Learning Goal	
	Children talk about how they and others show	
	feelings, talk about their own and others'	
	behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part	
	of a group or class, and understand and follow the	
	rules. They adjust their behaviour to different	
L		

situations, and take changes of routine in their stride. •See themselves as a valuable individual	
•Manage their own needs: personal hygiene	
Be confident to try new activities and show resilience and perseverance in th efface of new challenge Explain the reasons for rules, to know right and	
wrong and to behave accordingly Manage their own basic hygiene and understand the importance of healthy food choices	

#### KS1 NC Objectives:

**Y1** 

#### Health and Wellbeing

<mark>H1.</mark> about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy

H2. about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar

H3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically

active everyday

H4. about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax

**H5.** simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading **H6.** that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that

support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy

H7. about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth

correctly; food and drink that support dental health

H8. how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage
H9. about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing when to take a break from time online or TV

#### H10. about the people who help us to stay physically healthy

H11. about different feelings that humans can experience
H12. how to recognise and name different feelings
H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave
H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling
H15. to recognise that not

everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings

#### PSHE Association scheme of work: What helps us stay healthy? Being healthy; hygiene; medicines; people who help us with health PoS refs: H1, H5, H6, H7, H10, H37

- what being healthy means and who helps help them to stay healthy (e.g. parent, dentist, doctor)
- that things people put into or onto their bodies can affect how they feel
- how medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations) can help people stay healthy and that some people need to take medicines every day to stay healthy
  - why hygiene is important and how simple hygiene routines can stop germs from being passed on
- what they can do to take care of themselves on a daily basis, e.g. brushing teeth and hair, hand washing

**Discovery Education:** 

Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds – Amazing Bodies

They will learn how all bodies are different and that some body parts are private. They will learn the correct names for these parts and know that we use these names at school.

#### Who helps to keep us safe?

Keeping safe; people who help us PoS refs: H33, H35, H36, R15, R20, L5

• that people have different roles in the community to help them (and others) keep safe -



Forest school/circle time



H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep) H18. different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good H19. to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better H21. to recognise what makes them special H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique H23. to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike H24. how to manage when finding things difficult H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles) H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group H28. about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm H30. about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters) H31. that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly

the jobs they do and how they help people

- who can help them in different places and situations; how to attract someone's attention or ask for help;what to say
- how to respond safely to adults they don't know
- what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; and the importance of keeping on asking for support until they are heard
- how to get help if there is an accident and someone is hurt, including how to dial 999 in an emergency and what to say

#### Discovery Ed:

#### Caring and Responsibility module – Our Special People – Keeping Safe lesson 3

Identifying who our special people are and how they keep us safe.

#### Discovery Ed:

## Coping with Change Module – Growing and Changing

- Growing from young to old and how we have changed since we were born.
- children will explore the needs that babies have and they will consider how they have changed since they were born. They will explore and celebrate their abilities, and they will share ideas of what they hope to be like in the future.

H32. ways to keep safe in familiar	Additional coverage in school:
and unfamiliar environments (e.g.	Milk and fruit time
beach,	• PE Coach
shopping centre, park, swimming	Dance Coach
pool, on the street) and how to	<ul> <li>Tooth brushing at BClub</li> </ul>
cross the road	• Achievers
safely	Reward systems
H33. about the people whose job it	Respect Week
<mark>is to help keep us safe</mark>	Circle time
H34. basic rules to keep safe	Wash hands posters
online, including what is meant by	Behaviour system
personal	Assemblies
information and what should be	Theatre company
kept private; the importance of	Feelings chart
telling a trusted	Buddies
adult if they come across something	• Stories
that scares them	In Harmony Music
H35. about what to do if there is	School Nurse workshops
an accident and someone is hurt	
H36. how to get help in an	
<mark>emergency (</mark> how to dial 999 and	
<mark>what to say)</mark>	
H37. about things that people can	
<mark>put into their body or on their skin;</mark>	
how these	
can affect how people feel	

<u>Relationships</u>	
R1. about the roles different	
people (e.g. acquaintances, friends	
and relatives) play	
in our lives	
R2. to identify the people who love	
and care for them and what they do	
to help	
them feel cared for	
<b>R3</b> . about different types of families including those that may be	
different to their	
own	
<b>R4.</b> to identify common features of	
family life	
<b>R5</b> . that it is important to tell	
someone (such as their teacher) if	
something about	
their family makes them unhappy or	
worried	
<b>R6</b> . about how people make friends	
and what makes a good friendship	
R7. about how to recognise when	
they or someone else feels lonely	
and what to	
do	
<b>R8</b> . simple strategies to resolve	
arguments between friends positively	
<b>R9</b> . how to ask for help if a	
friendship is making them feel	
unhappy	
<b>R10</b> . that bodies and feelings can	
be hurt by words and actions; that	
people can	
say hurtful things online	
R11. about how people may feel if	ļ
they experience hurtful behaviour	
or bullying	ļ
R12. that hurtful behaviour	
(offline and online) including	
teasing, name-calling,	ļ
bullying and deliberately excluding	
others is not acceptable; how to	
report	
bullying; the importance of telling a	ļ
trusted adult	ļ
<b>R13</b> . to recognise that some things	ļ
are private and the importance of respecting	ļ
respecting privacy; that parts of their body	
covered by underwear are private	

PSHE Association scheme of work:

## What is the same and different about us?

Ourselves and others; similarities and differences; individuality; our bodies PoS refs: H21, H22, H23, H25, R13, R23, L6, L14

- what they like/dislike and are good at
- what makes them special and how everyone has different strengths
- how their personal features or qualities are unique to them
- how they are similar or different to others, and what they have in common

#### Discovery Ed:

#### Similarities and Differences Module – Recognising Strengths and Respecting Differences

Similarities and differences between people and how to respect and celebrate these

Discovery Ed:

Healthy and Happy Friendships module – Making friends and getting along

how to form friendships and how kind or unkind behaviours impact other people. They help children understand that even though we may not be friends with everyone, we can still work together and be kind to one another.

#### Who is special to us?

Ourselves and others; people who care for us; groups we belong to; families

PoS refs: L4, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5

that family is one of the groups they belong to, as well as, for example, school,



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<b>R14</b> . that sometimes people may	
behave differently online, including	
by	
pretending to be someone they are	
not	
<b>R15</b> . how to respond safely to	
adults they don't know	
<b>R16</b> . about how to respond if	
physical contact makes them feel	
uncomfortable or	
unsafe	
<b>R17</b> . about knowing there are	
situations when they should ask for	
permission and	
also when their permission should	
be sought	
5	
<b>R18</b> . about the importance of not	
keeping adults' secrets (only happy	
surprises	
that others will find out about	
eventually)	
R19. basic techniques for resisting	
pressure to do something they don't	t
want to	
do and which may make them unsafe	
<b>R20.</b> what to do if they feel unsafe	
or worried for themselves or	•
others: who to	
ask for help and vocabulary to use	
when asking for help; importance of	
keeping	
trying until they are heard	
R21. about what is kind and unkind	
behaviour, and how this can affect	
others	
R22, about how to treat	
themselves and others with	
respect; how to be polite and	
courteous	
R23. to recognise the ways in which	۱
they are the same and different to	
<mark>others</mark>	
R24. how to listen to other people	
and play and work cooperatively	
<b>R25</b> . how to talk about and share	
their opinions on things that matter	•
to them	

#### friends, clubs

- about the different people in their family / those that love and care for them
- what their family members, or people that are special to them,
- do to make them feel loved and cared for
- how families are all different but share common features - what is the same and different about them
- about different features of family life, including what families do/ enjoy together
- that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them feel unhappy or worried

#### Discovery Ed:

Caring and Responsibility module – Our Special People Lessons 1 and 2

- Identifying who our special people are and how they keep us safe.
- Identify the special people in our lives and how they care for us. Children will learn about how our special people set rules that keep us safe and how they can help us if we are feeling worried, scared or nervous.

#### Discovery Ed:

Families and committed relationships – The Importance of Family

• What a family is (including difference and diversity between families), and why families are important and special.





	<ul> <li>children will explore the importance of family and the stability and love that a family brings. They will look at similarities and differences between different family units and think about all the things that their families do to love, support and help them.</li> </ul>	
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<ul> <li><u>Additional coverage in school:</u></li> <li>Circle time - pass on something nice         <ul> <li>feeling chart, sharing toys</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Case studies, assemblies, circle time</li> <li>Behaviour system, reward system and circle time.</li> <li>Discussing what they have done at the weekend/holidays, sharing opinions about choices</li> <li>Wellbeing Officer</li> <li>Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.</li> </ul>	
PSHE Association scheme of work	
<ul> <li>PSHE Association scheme of work:</li> <li>What can we do with money?</li> <li>Money; making choices; needs and wants</li> <li>PoS refs: L10, L11, L12, L13</li> <li>what money is - that money comes in different forms</li> <li>how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>time</li> <li>Behaviour system, reward system and circle time.</li> <li>Discussing what they have done at the weekend/holidays, sharing opinions about choices</li> <li>Wellbeing Officer</li> <li>Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.</li> </ul> PSHE Association scheme of work: What can we do with money? Money: making choices: needs and wants PoS refs: L10, L11, L12, L13 <ul> <li>what money is - that money comes in different forms</li> <li>how money is obtained (e.g.</li> </ul>

L4. about the different groups they belong to L5. about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their **community** L6. to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, they want other people L7. about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others L8. about the role of the internet the world? in everyday life L9. that not all information seen online is true changing L10. what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes R25, L2, L3 from different sources L11. that people make different choices about how to save and spend money L12, about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this L14. that everyone has different strengths L15. that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do L17. about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs

what to do with money, including spending and saving

- the difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things
- how to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this

## How can we look after each other and

Ourselves and others; the world around us; caring for others; growing and

PoS refs: H26, H27, R21, R22, R24,

- how kind and unkind behaviour can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively
- the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom
- how people and animals need to be looked after and cared for
- what can harm the local and global environment; how they and others can help care for it
  - how people grow and change and how people's needs change as they grow from young to old
  - how to manage change when moving to a new class/year group

#### Additional coverage in school:

- National occasions Mother's Day, Valentines Day, Father's Day etc
  - Circle time, playtimes.
- Friendship Week
- Local Area Studies
- Themed weeks: Spanish week, Chinese New Year, Christmas Week, Christmas around the world.
- Setting up links with other schools: Trust School Council
- Setting up links with schools in other countries e.g. Baghdad, China and Africa





	<ul> <li>Enterprise Week</li> <li>Misty</li> <li>Careers Education</li> </ul>	

#### KS1 NC Objectives:

**Y2** 

Health and Wellbeing H1. about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy H2, about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar H3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday H4. about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax H5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading H6. that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy H7. about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health

H8. how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage H9. about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing when to take a break from time online or TV H10. about the people who help us to stay physically healthy H11. about different feelings that humans can experience H12. how to recognise and name different feelinas H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling H15. to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to

describe feelings

#### PSHE Association scheme of work: What helps us to stay safe? Keeping safe; recognising risk; rules PoS refs: H28, H29, H30, H31, H32, H34, R14, R16, R18, R19, R20, L1, L9

- how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online)
- how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and take steps to avoid or remove themselves from them
- how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets
- how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not
- how to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns them

#### What can help us grow and stay healthy?

Being healthy: eating, drinking, playing and sleeping PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H8, H9

- that different things help their bodies to be healthy, including food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest
- that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their

H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep) H18. different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good H19. to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better H21. to recognise what makes them special H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique H23. to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike H24. how to manage when finding things difficult H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles) H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group H28. about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm H30. about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters) H31. that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly

health,

including dental health

- how to be physically active and how much rest and sleep they should have everyday
- that there are different ways to learn and play; how to know when to take a break from screen-time
- how sunshine helps bodies to grow and how to keep safe and well in the sun

#### Discovery Ed:

#### Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds module

- Staying Safe and Healthy
  - children will investigate different ways of staying healthy. They will explore a range of emotions, learn about the safe and unsafe use of medicines and household products and find out how to help someone who is feeling physically or emotionally poorly.
  - ways to stay healthy, including safe and unsafe use of household products and medicines.

#### How do we recognise our feelings?

Feelings; mood; times of change; loss and bereavement; growing up PoS refs: H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H16, H17, H18, H19, H20, H27

- how to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings
- what helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good

H32. ways to keep safe in familiar how different things / • and unfamiliar environments (e.g. times / experiences can beach, shopping centre, park, swimming bring about different pool, on the street) and how to feelings for different cross the road people (including loss, safely H33. about the people whose job it change and bereavement or <mark>is to help keep us safe</mark> moving on to a new H34. basic rules to keep safe class/year group) online, including what is meant by personal how feelings can affect people in information and what should be their bodies and their kept private; the importance of behaviour telling a trusted adult if they come across something ways to manage big feelings and that scares them the importance of sharing their H35. about what to do if there is feelings with someone they an accident and someone is hurt trust H36. how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and Discovery Ed: what to say) Families and committed H37. about things that people can relationships - The Diversity of put into their body or on their skin; **Our Families** how these can affect how people feel • Children explore the diversity of families. They will learn that other families may look different from theirs, but to respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. They will investigate ways of caring for each other within a family. The different people in our families, and how families vary Additional coverage in school: Milk and fruit time PE Coach Dance Coach

	<ul> <li>Tooth brushing at BClub</li> <li>Achievers</li> <li>Reward systems</li> <li>Respect Week</li> <li>Circle time</li> <li>Wash hands posters</li> <li>Behaviour system</li> <li>Assemblies</li> <li>Theatre company</li> <li>Feelings chart</li> <li>Buddies</li> <li>Stories</li> <li>In Harmony Music</li> <li>School Nurse workshops</li> </ul>	

<u>Relationships</u>	PSHE Association scheme of work:	
<b>R1</b> . about the roles different	What makes a good friend?	
people (e.g. acquaintances, friends	Friendship; feeling lonely; managing	
and relatives) play		
<mark>in our lives</mark>	arguments	
R2. to identify the people who love	PoS refs: R6, R7, R8, R9, R25	
<mark>and care for them and what they do</mark>	<ul> <li>how to make friends with others</li> </ul>	
<mark>to help</mark>	how to recognise when they feel	
them feel cared for		
R3. about different types of	lonely and what they could do	
families including those that may be	about it	
different to their	how people behave when	
own		
R4. to identify common features of	they are being friendly and	
family life DE that it is important to tall	what makes a good friend	
<b>R5.</b> that it is important to tell	how to resolve arguments that	
someone (such as their teacher) if something about	can occur in friendships	
their family makes them unhappy or	•	
worried	how to ask for help if a	
<b>R6</b> . about how people make friends	friendship is making them	
and what makes a good friendship	unhappy	
<b>R7</b> . about how to recognise when		
they or someone else feels lonely	Discovery Ed:	
and what to	Healthy and Happy Friendships module:	
do	What Makes a Happy Friendship?	
<b>R8</b> . simple strategies to resolve		
arguments between friends	<ul> <li>Understanding what makes a happy</li> </ul>	
positively	friendship. Recognising personal	
R9. how to ask for help if a	boundaries and safe/unsafe	
friendship is making them feel	situations.	
<mark>unhappy</mark>	<ul> <li>Pupils focus on the characteristics</li> </ul>	
<b>R10</b> . that bodies and feelings can	of a happy friendship. They	
be hurt by words and actions; that	continue to explore personal	
people can	boundaries and recognising safe and	
say hurtful things online	unsafe situations. They will practise	
R11. about how people may feel if	how to respond to unwanted touch	
they experience hurtful behaviour	and reaching out to someone they	
or bullying	can trust whenever they feel worried or unsafe.	
R12. that hurtful behaviour	worried of unsule.	
(offline and online) including		
teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding	What is hull in 2	
others is not acceptable; how to	What is bullying?	
report	Behaviour; bullying; words and actions;	
bullying; the importance of telling a	respect for others	
trusted adult	PoS refs: R10, R11, R12, R16, R17, R21,	
<b>R13.</b> to recognise that some things	R22, R24, R25	
are private and the importance of	<ul> <li>how words and actions can</li> </ul>	
respecting	affect how people feel	
privacy; that parts of their body		
covered by underwear are private	how to ask for and give/not	
	give permission regarding	
	physical contact and how to	

**R14**. that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not **R15**. how to respond safely to adults they don't know **R16**. about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe R17. about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought R18. about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually) R19. basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe R20. what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or <mark>others; who to</mark> ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard R21, about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others R22. about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous R23. to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others

respond if physical contact makes them uncomfortable or unsafe

- why name-calling, hurtful teasing, bulling and deliberately excluding others is unacceptable
- how to respond if this happens in different situations
- how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to a trusted adult and the importance of doing so

#### Discovery Ed:

Similarities and Differences module – Strengths, abilities and stereotypes

- children reflect on how different people have different strengths and abilities. They are introduced to the concept of stereotypes and why these are unhelpful and unfair, with a particular focus on gender stereotypes and how these can be challenged.
- Exploring different strengths and abilities. Understanding and challenging stereotypes.

R24. how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively R25. how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them	<ul> <li>Additional coverage in school:</li> <li>Circle time - pass on something nice , feeling chart, sharing toys</li> <li>Case studies, assemblies, circle time</li> <li>Behaviour system, reward system and circle time.</li> <li>Discussing what they have done at the weekend/holidays, sharing opinions about choices</li> <li>Wellbeing Officer</li> <li>Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.</li> </ul>	
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nat jobs do people do? ople and jobs; money; role of the ernet 5 refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8 how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want
ople and jobs; money; role of the ernet 5 refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8 how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they
ernet 5 refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8 how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they
5 refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8 how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they
how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they
money to pay for things they
need and want
about a range of different jobs,
including those done by people
they know or people who work in
their community
how people have different
strengths and interests that
enable them to do different
jobs
how people use the internet and
digital devices in their jobs and
everyday life
covery Ed:
ing with Change Module- Growing up
Setting Goals
<ul> <li>lessons focus on growth</li> </ul>
and change, celebrating
achievements and setting
goals. Children will explore
-
how they develop in terms
of their abilities and their
likes and dislikes. They will
discuss their future
aspirations and how to
achieve them.
Exploring how our bodies
<ul> <li>Exploring how our bodies</li> </ul>
and needs change as we
and needs change as we
and needs change as we grow older. Aspirations
and needs change as we
and needs change as we grow older. Aspirations and goal setting
and needs change as we grow older. Aspirations and goal setting scovery Ed: Caring and
and needs change as we grow older. Aspirations and goal setting
and needs change as we grow older. Aspirations and goal setting scovery Ed: Caring and
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	different jobs	<ul> <li>focus on the communities that children belong to and who helps us in those communities. Children will reflect on their own role in the community and how they can offer help and support, as well as where to turn for help.</li> <li>The different communities and groups we belong to and how we help and support one another within these.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li><u>Additional coverage in school:</u> <ul> <li>National occasions - Mother's Day, Valentines Day, Father's Day etc</li> <li>Circle time, playtimes.</li> <li>Friendship Week</li> <li>Local Area Studies</li> <li>Themed weeks: Spanish week, Chinese New Year, Christmas Week, Christmas around the world.</li> <li>Setting up links with other schools: Trust School Council</li> <li>Setting up links with schools in other countries e.g. Baghdad, China and Africa</li> <li>Enterprise Week Misty</li> </ul> </li></ul>	
<mark>¥3</mark>	KS2 NC Objetives Health and Wellbeing H1. how to make informed decisions about health H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these	<ul> <li>PSHE Association scheme of work:</li> <li>What keeps us safe?</li> <li>Keeping safe; at home and school; our bodies; hygiene; medicines and household products</li> <li>PoS refs: H9, H10, H26, H39, H30, H40, H42, H43, H44, R25, R26, R28, R29</li> <li>how to recognise hazards that may cause harm or</li> </ul>	

H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and

injury and what they should do to reduce risk and keep themselves (or others) safe

- how to help keep their body protected and safe, e.g. wearing a seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers that their body belongs to them and should not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to tell if they feel uncomfortable
- how to recognise and respond to pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable (including online)
- how everyday health and hygiene rules and routines help people stay safe and healthy (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and asthma, and other household products, responsibly)
- how to react and respond if there is an accident and how to deal with minor injuries e.g. scratches, grazes, burns
- what to do in an emergency, including calling for help and speaking to the emergency services

Discovery Ed: Caring and Responsibility module: Responsibilities and Boundaries

children will begin to
 explore their own
 responsibilities towards
 others and why it is
 important to act
 responsibly. They will learn
 about the importance of
 showing empathy and
 recognising and respecting
 personal boundaries.

immunisations; how allergies	• Our responsibilities and
<mark>can</mark>	ways we can care and show
be managed	,
H11. how to maintain good	respect for others.
oral hygiene (including correct	
brushing and flossing);	Why should up out well and look
why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the	Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?
impact of lifestyle choices on	Being healthy: eating well, dental care
dental care (e.g. sugar	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H11,
consumption/acidic drinks such	H14
as fruit juices, smoothies	• how to eat a healthy diet and the
and fruit teas; the effects of	benefits of nutritionally rich
smoking)	foods
H12. about the benefits of	<ul> <li>how to maintain good oral</li> </ul>
sun exposure and risks of	hygiene (including regular
overexposure; how to keep	brushing and flossing) and the
safe from sun damage and	importance of regular visits to
sun/heat stroke and reduce	the dentist
the risk of skin cancer	
H13. about the benefits of	<ul> <li>how not eating a balanced diet</li> </ul>
the internet; the importance	can affect health, including the
of balancing time online	impact of too much sugar/acidic drinks on dental health
with other activities; strategies for managing time	
online	<ul> <li>how people make</li> </ul>
H14. how and when to seek	choices about what to
support, including which adults	eat and drink, including
to speak to in and	who or what influences
outside school, if they are	these
worried about their health	<ul> <li>how, when and where to ask for</li> </ul>
H15. that mental health, just	advice and help about healthy
like physical health, is part of	eating and dental care
daily life; the	
importance of taking care of	Discovery Education: Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds module: Sleep, Food and
mental health	Hygiene
H16. about strategies and	Maintaining physical and
behaviours that support	mental wellbeing, through
mental health — including how	healthy eating, sleep and
good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being	keeping clean.
involved in community	<ul> <li>children will learn about</li> </ul>
groups, doing things for	different ways of keeping
others, clubs, and activities,	healthy, including sleeping
hobbies and spending time	and eating well, and how to
	get rid of germs by

with family and friends can	washing and by brushing	
support mental health and	their teeth regularly.	
wellbeing	Children will consider how	
H17. to recognise that		
feelings can change over time	to develop good routines	
and range in intensity	and habits that support	
H18. about everyday things	their wellbeing.	
that affect feelings and the		
importance of expressing	Mathewalt and the second states	
feelings	Why should we keep active and sleep well?	
H19. a varied vocabulary to	Being healthy: keeping active, taking	
use when talking about	rest	
feelings; about how to express	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H7, H8, H13,	
feelings in different ways;	H14	
H20. strategies to respond to	<ul> <li>how regular physical activity</li> </ul>	
feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings;	benefits bodies and feelings	
how to manage and respond to	• how to be active on a daily and	
feelings appropriately and	weekly basis - how to balance	
proportionately in	time online with other	
different situations	activities	
H21. to recognise warning		
signs about mental health and	how to make choices about	
wellbeing and how to	physical activity, including what	
seek support for themselves	and who influences decisions	
and others	<ul> <li>how the lack of physical activity</li> </ul>	
	can affect health and wellbeing	
H22. to recognise that anyone	<ul> <li>how lack of sleep can affect</li> </ul>	
can experience mental ill health; that most	the body and mood and	
difficulties can be resolved	simple routines that	
with help and support; and	support good quality sleep	
that it is important to		
discuss feelings with a trusted	<ul> <li>how to seek support in relation</li> <li>to physical activity, clean and</li> </ul>	
adult	to physical activity, sleep and rest and who to talk to if they	
H23. about change and loss,	are worried	
including death, and how these		
can affect feelings;		
ways of expressing and	<ul> <li><u>Additional coverage in school:</u></li> <li>Circle Time, RE lessons - morals,</li> </ul>	
managing grief and	<ul> <li>circle time, RE lessons - morals, story books</li> </ul>	
bereavement	<ul> <li>Young Leaders</li> </ul>	
H24. problem-solving	Science	
strategies for dealing with	• Making their own choices at	
emotions, challenges and	lunch time	
change,	<ul> <li>Food displays in the hall</li> </ul>	
including the transition to new	Healthy lifestyle choices	
schools	<ul> <li>Smoothie Friday</li> </ul>	

H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H27. to recognise their individuality and personal qualities H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction H31. about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams) H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene H33. about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a

Achievers

- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room
- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- Roots of Empathy (Y3)
- School Nurse Workshops
- Trips to CLC
- Peer massage
- Jellyfish PSHE

baby being made); how babies	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>	
H34. about where to get more	
information, help and advice	
about growing and	
changing, especially about	
puberty	
H35. about the new	
opportunities and	
responsibilities that increasing	
independence may bring	
H36. strategies to manage	
transitions between classes	
and key stages	
H37. reasons for following	
and complying with regulations	
and restrictions	
(including age restrictions);	
how they promote personal	
safety and wellbeing with	
reference to social media,	
television programmes, films,	
games and online gaming	
H38. how to predict, assess	
and manage risk in different	
situations	
H39. about hazards (including	
fire risks) that may cause	
harm, injury or risk in the	
home and what they can do	
reduce risks and keep safe	
H40. about the importance of	
taking medicines correctly and	
using household	
products safely, (e.g. following	
instructions carefully)	
H41. strategies for keeping	
safe in the local environment	
or unfamiliar places (rail,	
water, road) and firework	
safety; safe use of digital	
devices when out and about	
H42. about the importance of	
keeping personal information	
private; strategies for	

	safe online, including	
	manage requests for	
	al information	
	es of themselves and	
	what to do if	
	ned or worried by	
	ing seen or read online	
	v to report concerns,	
	priate content	
and cor		
	bout what is meant by	
	d; basic techniques for	
_	with common	
injuries		
	iow to respond and	
	n an emergency	
	on; how to identify	
	ons that may require	
	ergency services; know	
	contact them	
	at to say	
	hat female genital	
	ion (FGM) is against	
	law, what to do and	
	o tell if they think they	
	eone they know might	
be at r		
	bout the risks and	
	s of legal drugs common	
	yday life (e.g.	
cigaret		
	tes/vaping, alcohol and	
	nes) and their impact on	
health;		
-	ise that drug use can	
	e a habit which can be	
	It to break	
	o recognise that there	
	s surrounding the use	
-	l drugs and that	
	rugs are illegal to own,	
	l give to others	
	bout why people choose	
	or not use drugs	
-	ng nicotine,	
alcohol	and medicines);	

live apartHealthy and Happy FriendshipsR6. that a feature of positivemodule: Being a Good Friendfamily life is caring• Being a good friend and
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relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another **R7**. to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, stepparents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability R8. to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty **R9.** how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice R10. about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing R11. what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs

respecting personal space. Strategies for resilience.

 pupils to reflect on how they can be good friends to others, exploring the concept of personal space and what to do when someone's space is being invaded. They introduce the idea of resilience, helping children develop strategies for being resilient.

#### What are families like?

Families; family life; caring for each other

PoS refs: R5, R6, R7, R8, R9

- how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, stepparents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents)
- how common features of positive family life often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays
- how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this
- how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe

Discovery Education: Families and

from knowing someone faceto-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face **R13**. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others **R16**. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary **R19**. about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour R20. strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the

Committed Relationships module: Different Types of Committed Relationships:

- children will learn about different kinds of committed relationships. They will explore the meaning of the word commitment and consider he characteristics of a happy relationship. They will also explore feelings around changes in relationships, including the breaking-up of family structures, and develop the skills to know when and how to seek support if they are feeling unhappy.
- Different types of committed relationships and the basic characteristics of these

Discovery education: Coping with Change module: Coping with Feelings When Things Change

> explore feelings around the changes in our lives. Children will explore how changes can affect us in different ways and to different degrees. They will learn about ways of showing empathy and dealing with sad feelings, and ways to help themselves feel happier and more positive if they

deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support **R21**. about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it R22. about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online); **R23**. about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns R24. how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact R26. about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations R27. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this

are experiencing challenges.

 coping with feelings around the changes in our lives

#### Additional coverage in school:

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, esafety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Play in a Day
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

R29. where to get advice ar	d	
report concerns if worried		
about their own or		
someone else's personal safe	ty l	
(including online)		
<b>R30</b> . that personal behaviou	r	
can affect other people; to		
recognise and model		
respectful behaviour online		
<b>R31</b> . to recognise the		
importance of self-respect		
and how this can affect the	r	
thoughts and feelings about		
themselves; that everyone,		
including them, should		
expect to be treated politel	y	
and with respect by others		
(including when online		
and/or anonymous) in school		
and in wider society;		
strategies to improve or		
support courteous, respectf	ul	
relationships		
R32. about respecting the		
differences and similarities		
between people and		
recognising what they have i	n	
common with others e.g.		
physically, in personality		
or background		
R33. to listen and respond		
respectfully to a wide range	of	
people, including those		
whose traditions, beliefs and		
lifestyle are different to th	eir	
own		
<b>R34</b> . how to discuss and		
debate topical issues, respe	:†	
other people's point of		
view and constructively		
challenge those they disagre	e	
with		

Living in the wider world	PSHE Association scheme of work:	
L1. to recognise reasons for	What makes a community?	
rules and laws; consequences	Community; belonging to groups;	
of not adhering to rules	similarities and differences;	
and laws	respect for others	
L2. to recognise there are	•	
human rights, that are there	PoS refs: R32, R33, L6, L7, L8	
to protect everyone	<ul> <li>how they belong to</li> </ul>	
L3. about the relationship	different groups and	922
between rights and	communities, e.g.	
responsibilities	friendship, faith, clubs,	
L4. the importance of having	classes/year groups	
compassion towards others;	<ul> <li>what is meant by a diverse</li> </ul>	
shared responsibilities	community; how different groups	
we all have for caring for		
other people and living things;	make up the wider/local community around the school	
how to show care and		
concern for others	<ul> <li>how the community helps</li> </ul>	
L5. ways of carrying out	everyone to feel included and	
shared responsibilities for	values	
protecting the environment	the different contributions that	
in school and at home; how	people make	
everyday choices can affect	<ul> <li>how to be respectful towards</li> </ul>	
the environment (e.g.	people who may live differently	
reducing, reusing, recycling;	to them	
food choices)		
L6. about the different	Discovery Education: Similarities and	
groups that make up their	Differences module: Valuing and	
community; what living in a	respecting one another	
community means		
<b>L7</b> . to value the different	Children explore	
contributions that people and	differences that can or	
groups make to the	cannot be seen and the	
community	importance of respecting	
L8. about diversity: what it	and valuing these	
means; the benefits of living in	differences. They look at	
a diverse community;	the different communities	
about valuing diversity within		
communities	they belong to in order to	
L9. about stereotypes; how	further understand the	
they can negatively influence	similarities and shared	
behaviours and attitudes	values.	
towards others; strategies for	<ul> <li>Respecting and valuing</li> </ul>	
challenging stereotypes	differences. Shared values	
L10. about prejudice; how to		
	OT COMMUNITIES	
recognise behaviours/actions	of communities	
recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate	ot communities	

against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced L11. recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively **L12**, how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L14. about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation L17. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this **L18**. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good

- School council, debating in English, London visit
  - Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs
- ICT, e-safety

value for money'	
<b>L19</b> . that people's spending	
decisions can affect others	
and the environment (e.g.	
Fair trade, buying single-use	
plastics, or giving to charity)	
L20. to recognise that people	
5	
make spending decisions based	
on priorities, needs	
and wants	
L21. different ways to keep	
track of money	
L22. about risks associated	
with money (e.g. money can be	
won, lost or stolen)	
and ways of keeping money	
safe	
L23. about the risks involved	
in gambling; different ways	
money can be won or	
lost through gambling-related	
activities and their impact on	
health, wellbeing and	
future aspirations	
L24. to identify the ways that	
money can impact on people's	
feelings and	
Emotions	
L25. to recognise positive	
things about themselves and	
their achievements; set	
goals to help achieve personal	
outcomes	
L26. that there is a broad	
range of different	
jobs/careers that people can	
have;	
that people often have more	
than one career/type of job	
during their life	
L27. about stereotypes in the	
workplace and that a person's	
career aspirations	
should not be limited by them	
L28. about what might	
influence people's decisions	
about a job or career (e.g.	

### <u>KS2 NC Objetives</u> <u>Health and Wellbeing</u>

<mark>У4</mark>

H1. how to make informed decisions about health H2, about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines

PSHE Association scheme of work: What strengths, skills and interests do we have? Self-esteem: self-worth; personal qualities; goal setting; managing set backs PoS refs: H27, H28, H29, L25

- how to recognise personal qualities and individuality
- to develop self-worth by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements
- how their personal attributes, strengths, skills and interests contribute to their self-esteem
- how to set goals for themselves
- how to manage when there are set-backs, learn from mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking

### Discovery Ed:

Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds module: Influences and Personal Choices

- Influences on our health and wellbeing, including friends, family and media, and awareness of how these can affect personal health choices.
- children will learn about the choices they can make in relation to their health and wellbeing. They will explore the external influences that can affect their choices, the consequences of the choices they make and the





can limit the spread of	importance of recognising	
infection; the wider	and managing feelings.	
importance of personal		
hygiene and how to maintain it		
H10. how medicines, when		
used responsibly, contribute to	How can we manage our feeliings?	
health; that some	Feelings and emotions; expression	
diseases can be prevented by	of feelings; behaviour PoS refs: H17, H18, H19, H20, H23	
vaccinations and	<ul> <li>how everyday things can affect</li> </ul>	
immunisations; how allergies can	feelings	
be managed	<ul> <li>how feelings change over</li> </ul>	
H11. how to maintain good	time and can be	
oral hygiene (including correct	experienced at different	
brushing and flossing);	levels of intensity	
why regular visits to the	• the importance of expressing	
dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on	feelings and how they can be	
dental care (e.g. sugar	expressed in different ways	
consumption/acidic drinks such	<ul> <li>how to respond</li> </ul>	
as fruit juices, smoothies	proportionately to, and	
and fruit teas; the effects of	manage, feelings in	
<mark>smoking)</mark>	different circumstances	
H12. about the benefits of	<ul> <li>ways of managing feelings at</li> </ul>	
sun exposure and risks of	times of loss, grief and change	
overexposure; how to keep	<ul> <li>how to access advice and support</li> </ul>	
safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce	to help manage their own or	
the risk of skin cancer	others' feelings	
H13. about the benefits of	Discovery Ed: Coping with Change	
the internet; the importance	Module: Puberty and Hygiene	
of balancing time online		
with other activities;	<ul> <li>explore how our bodies</li> </ul>	
strategies for managing time	start to change as we	
online	enter puberty, including	
H14. how and when to seek	girls starting their	
support, including which adults to speak to in and	periods. Children will learn	
outside school, if they are	how these changes affect	
worried about their health	their hygiene needs, how	
H15. that mental health, just	to take responsibility for	
like physical health, is part of	maintaining good hygiene	
daily life; the	and the products that are	
importance of taking care of	available.	
mental health	<ul> <li>How our bodies change as we</li> </ul>	
	enter puberty, including	

H16. about strategies and	hygiene needs and	
behaviours that support	menstruation.	
mental health — including how	How can we manage risk in	
good quality sleep, physical	different places?	
exercise/time outdoors, being	Keeping safe; out and about;	
involved in community	recognising and managing risk	
groups, doing things for	PoS refs: H12, H37, H38, H41, H42,	
others, clubs, and activities,	H47, R12, R15, R23, R24, R28, R29, L1,	
hobbies and spending time	L5, L15	
with family and friends can		
support mental health and	<ul> <li>how to recognise, predict,</li> </ul>	
wellbeing	assess and manage risk in	
H17. to recognise that	different situations	
feelings can change over time		
and range in intensity	<ul> <li>how to keep safe in the local</li> </ul>	
H18. about everyday things	environment and less familiar	
that affect feelings and the	locations (e.g. near rail, water,	
importance of expressing	road; fire/firework safety;	
<mark>feelings</mark>	sun safety and the safe use of	
H19. a varied vocabulary to	digital devices when out and	
use when talking about	about)	
feelings; about how to express		
feelings in different ways;	how people can be influenced	
H20. strategies to respond to	by their peers' behaviour and	
feelings, including intense or	by a desire for peer approval;	
conflicting feelings;	how to manage this influence	
how to manage and respond to	<ul> <li>how people's online actions can</li> </ul>	
feelings appropriately and	impact on other people	
proportionately in different cituations	<ul> <li>how to keep safe online,</li> </ul>	
different situations	including managing requests	
H21. to recognise warning	for personal information and	
signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to	recognising what is	
seek support for themselves	appropriate to share or not	
and others		
	share online	
H22. to recognise that anyone	how to report concerns, including	
can experience mental ill	about inappropriate online	
health; that most	<ul> <li>content and contact</li> </ul>	
difficulties can be resolved	<ul> <li>that rules, restrictions and</li> </ul>	
with help and support; and	laws exist to help people keep	
that it is important to	safe and how to respond if	
discuss feelings with a trusted		
adult	they become aware of a	
H23. about change and loss,	situation that is anti-social or	
including death, and how these	against the law	
can affect feelings		

ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H27. to recognise their individuality and personal gualities H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction H31. about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams) H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the

- Circle Time, RE lessons morals, story books
- Young Leaders
- Science
- Making their own choices at lunch time
- Food displays in the hall
- Healthy lifestyle choices
- Smoothie Friday
- Achievers
- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room
- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- Seeds4Life (Y4)
- School Nurse Workshops
- Peer massage
- Hoops4Health

importance of keeping clean	
and how to maintain personal	
hygiene	
H33. about the processes of	
reproduction and birth as part	
of the human life	
cycle; how babies are	
conceived and born (and that	
there are ways to prevent a	
baby being made); how babies	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>	
H34. about where to get more	
information, help and advice	
about growing and	
changing, especially about	
puberty	
H35. about the new	
opportunities and	
responsibilities that increasing	
independence may bring	
H36. strategies to manage	
transitions between classes	
and key stages	
H37. reasons for following	
and complying with regulations	
and restrictions	
(including age restrictions);	
how they promote personal	
safety and wellbeing with	
reference to social media,	
television programmes, films,	
games and online gaming	
H38. how to predict, assess	
and manage risk in different	
situations	
H39. about hazards (including	
fire risks) that may cause	
harm, injury or risk in the	
home and what they can do	
reduce risks and keep safe	
H40. about the importance of	
taking medicines correctly and	
using household	
products safely, (e.g. following	
instructions carefully)	

	H41. strategies for keeping	
	safe in the local environment	
	<mark>or unfamiliar places (rail,</mark>	
	water, road) and firework	
	safety; safe use of digital	
	devices when out and about	
	H42. about the importance of	
	keeping personal information	
	private; strategies for	
	keeping safe online, including	
	how to manage requests for	
	personal information	
	or images of themselves and	
	others; what to do if	
	frightened or worried by	
	something seen or read online	
	and how to report concerns,	
	inappropriate content	
	and contact	
	H43. about what is meant by	
	first aid; basic techniques for	
	dealing with common	
	injuries <sup>2</sup>	
	H44. how to respond and	
	react in an emergency	
	situation; how to identify	
	situations that may require	
	the emergency services; know	
	how to contact them	
	and what to say	
	H45. that female genital	
	mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and	
	-	
	whom to tell if they think they	
	or someone they know might be at risk <sup>3</sup>	
	H46. about the risks and	
	effects of legal drugs common	
	to everyday life (e.g.	
	cigarettes, e-	
	cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and	
	medicines) and their impact on	
	health;	
	recognise that drug use can	
	become a habit which can be	
	difficult to break	
L		

H47. to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others H48. about why people choose to use or not use drugs		
<ul> <li>(including nicotine, alcohol and medicines);</li> <li>H49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping</li> <li>H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they .</li> </ul>		
have concerns Relationships R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships) R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different R3. about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong R4. that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support	<ul> <li>PSHE Association scheme of work: How do we treat each other with respect?</li> <li>Respect for self and others; courteous behaviour; safety; human rights</li> <li>PoS refs: R19, R20, R21, R22, R25, R27, R29, R30, R31, H45, L2, L3, L10</li> <li>how people's behaviour affects themselves and others, including online</li> <li>how to model being polite and courteous in different situations and recognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in return</li> <li>about the relationship between rights and responsibilities</li> <li>about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out about) or not agreed to and</li> </ul>	

is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others R5. that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another **R7.** to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, stepparents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability **R8.** to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty R9. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice R10. about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing R11. what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust,

when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt)\*

- the rights that children have and why it is important to protect these\*
- that everyone should feel included, respected and not discriminated against; how to respond if they witness or experience exclusion, disrespect or discrimination
- how to respond to aggressive or inappropriate behaviour (including online and unwanted physical contact) - how to report concerns

Discovery Ed:

Healthy and Happy Friendships module: Solving Friendship Difficulties

- solving friendship difficulties. How to act if someone invades your privacy or personal boundaries
- build on what children already know about good friends by picking out qualities and values. Children will investigate the skills needed to manage and solve issues that arise between friends and understand what to do if someone doesn't respect their privacy or personal boundaries.

Discovery Ed: Families and Committed Relationships module: truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone faceto-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded **R14**. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary

### Families and Other Relationships

- children will explore what it means to belong to a family or other group, and what people in that unit have in common. They will also learn about setting boundaries for safe and appropriate behaviour and discuss the relationship between caring and rules within a family or other group.
- The range of relationships we experience in our everyday lives. How to understand the differences between types of relationships we encounter

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, esafety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

R19. about the impact of	
bullying, including offline and	
online, and the	
consequences of hurtful	
behaviour	
R20. strategies to respond to	
hurtful behaviour experienced	
or witnessed, offline	
and online (including teasing,	
name-calling, bullying, trolling,	
harassment or the	
deliberate excluding of	
others); how to report	
concerns and get support	
R21. about discrimination:	
what it means and how to	
<mark>challenge it</mark>	
R22. about privacy and	
<mark>personal boundaries; what is</mark>	
appropriate in friendships	
and wider relationships	
(including online);	
R23. about why someone may	
behave differently online,	
including pretending to	
be someone they are not;	
strategies for recognising	
risks, harmful content and	
contact; how to report	
concerns	
R24. how to respond safely	
and appropriately to adults	
they may encounter (in all	
contexts including online)	
whom they do not know	
R25. recognise different	
types of physical contact;	
what is acceptable and	
unacceptable; strategies to	
respond to unwanted physical	
contact	
R26. about seeking and giving	
permission (consent) in	
different situations	
R27. about keeping something	
confidential or secret, when	
<mark>this should (e.g. a</mark>	

birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this R29. where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online) R30. that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online R31. to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful <mark>relationships</mark> R32. about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own

<b>R34</b> . how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect		
other people's point of view and constructively		
challenge those they disagree		
with		
Living in the wider world	PSHE Association scheme of work:	
L1. to recognise reasons for		
rules and laws; consequences	How can our choices make a	
of not adhering to rules	difference to others and the	
and laws	environment?	
L2. to recognise there are	Caring for others; the environment;	and the second
human rights, that are there	people and animals; shared	
to protect everyone	responsibilities, making choices and	
L3. about the relationship	decisions	
between rights and	PoS refs: L4, L5, L19, R34	R ARCONS
responsibilities		
L4. the importance of having	<ul> <li>how people have a shared</li> </ul>	
compassion towards others;	responsibility to help	
shared responsibilities	protect the world around	
we all have for caring for	them	
other people and living things; how to show care and		
concern for others	<ul> <li>how everyday choices can affect the environment</li> </ul>	
L5. ways of carrying out		1203-2.0
shared responsibilities for	<ul> <li>how what people choose to buy</li> </ul>	
protecting the environment	or spend money on can affect	A ALLER
in school and at home; how	others or the environment (e.g.	
everyday choices can affect	Fairtrade, single use plastics,	
the environment (e.g.	giving to charity)	
reducing, reusing, recycling;	<ul> <li>the skills and vocabulary to</li> </ul>	
food choices)	share their thoughts, ideas and	
L6. about the different	opinions in discussion about	
groups that make up their	topical issues	
community; what living in a	• how to show care and concern for	
community means	others (people and animals)	
L7. to value the different	<ul> <li>how to carry out personal</li> </ul>	
contributions that people and	responsibilities in a caring and	
groups make to the	compassionate way	
community L8. about diversity: what it		
means; the benefits of living in	Discovery Ed: Similarities and Differences module: Identity and	
a diverse community;	Diversity	
about valuing diversity within	,	
communities	<ul> <li>examine similarities and</li> </ul>	
	differences within society.	
	They focus on the	

L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced L11. recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12. how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes **L14**, about how information on the internet is ranked. selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation

importance of valuing and respecting everybody equally and explore the dangers of making judgements based on appearance. Children will learn to see that people have different perspectives and ways of looking at the world.

 identity and diversity. Seeing different perspectives and not making judgements based on appearance.

Enterprise:

Discovery Ed: Caring and Responsibility module: Rights and Responsibilities

- explore the links between rights and responsibilities. Children will learn about the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and consider the roles and responsibilities held within a family.
- Rights and responsibilities within families and wider society, including the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
   Circle time, wellbeing officer

**L17**. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this **L18**. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) **L20**. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants L21. different ways to keep track of money L22. about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe L23. about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and Emotions L25. to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have;

 Respect week, reward system

- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs
- ICT, e-safety

that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life L27. about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) L29. that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice: that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid L30. about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older L32. to recognise a variety of	
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job that they might like to do when they are older L32. to recognise a variety of	
when they are older L32. to recognise a variety of	
L32. to recognise a variety of	
routes into careers (e.g.	
college, apprenticeship,	
university)	
V5     KS2 NC Objetives     PSHE Association scheme of work:	
Health and Wellbeing What makes up our identity?	ALC: NO.
H1. how to make informed Identify; personal attributes and	0/
decisions about health qualities; similarities and	L
H2. about the elements of a differences; individuality;	1. 1. 1. 1.
balanced, healthy lifestyle stereotypes	
H3. about choices that	5
support a healthy lifestyle, PoS refs: H25, H26, H27, R32, L9	2
and recognise what might <ul> <li>how to recognise and respect</li> </ul>	-
influence these similarities and differences	
between people and what they	

H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and

have in common with others

that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's identity (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith, culture, gender, hobbies, likes/dislikes)

•

- how individuality and personal qualities make up someone's identity (including that gender identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not correspond with their biological sex)
- about stereotypes and how they are not always accurate, and can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others
- ow to challenge stereotypes and assumptions about others
   Discovery Ed:

Healthy and Happy Friendships module: Changing Friendships

- explore the concept of 'identity' and how we use it to define us. Pupils will explore how peer pressure can affect us in real life an online, and how to make informed choices. The lessons also highlight the importance of positive emotional health and wellbeing, including where to turn for support.
  - identity and peer pressure off- and online. Positive emotional health and

immunisations; how allergies	wellbeing.
can	Discovery Ed:
be managed H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing);	Coping with Change module: Puberty and Emotions
why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking) H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online	<ul> <li>children will continue to learn about the changes that occur during puberty. They will explore the emotional impact of puberty and work out their own strategies for managing well.</li> <li>How puberty changes can affect our emotions and ways to manage this; questions about puberty and change.</li> </ul>
with other activities; strategies for managing time online H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health H15. that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for	<ul> <li>emergency?</li> <li>Basic first aid, accidents, dealing with emergencies</li> <li>PoS refs: H43, H44 <ul> <li>how to carry out basic first aid including for burns, scalds, cuts, bleeds, choking, asthma attacks or allergic reactions</li> <li>that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved</li> <li>when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help</li> <li>the importance of remaining calm in an emergency and providing clear information</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time	about what has happened to an adult or the emergency services Discovery Ed:

with family and friends can Caring and Responsibility module: support mental health and Caring in the Community wellbeing H17. to recognise that ways of and reasons for feelings can change over time caring. Children will and range in intensity explore how our care H18. about everyday things needs change as we grow that affect feelings and the importance of expressing older, find out about the feelings effects of isolation and H19. a varied vocabulary to loneliness, and investigate use when talking about what we, as members of a feelings; about how to express community, can do to help feelings in different ways; and support others, H20. strategies to respond to including through feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; volunteering. how to manage and respond to • how our care needs change feelings appropriately and and the effects of proportionately in loneliness and isolation. different situations H21. to recognise warning Ways in which we can signs about mental health and show care in the wellbeing and how to community seek support for themselves and others H22. to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most How can drugs common to difficulties can be resolved everyday life affect health? with help and support; and Drugs, alcohol and tobacco; healthy that it is important to habits discuss feelings with a trusted adult PoS refs: H1, H3, H4, H46, H47, H23. about change and loss, H48, H50 including death, and how these how drugs common to everyday can affect feelings; life (including smoking/vaping ways of expressing and - nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and managing grief and medicines) can affect health and bereavement Wellbeing H24. problem-solving that some drugs are legal strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and (but may have laws or change, restrictions related to including the transition to new them) and other drugs are schools illegal

H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we <mark>are (e.g. ethnicity,</mark> family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H27. to recognise their individuality and personal gualities H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction H31. about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams) H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene H33. about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a

how laws surrounding the use of drugs exist to protect them and others

why people choose to use or not use different drugs

- how people can prevent or reduce the risks associated with them
- that for some people, drug use can become a habit which is difficult to break
- how organisations help people to stop smoking and the support available to help people if they have concerns about any drug use
- how to ask for help from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs

### Discovery Ed:

Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds module: Valuing Our Bodies and Minds:

- children will continue to explore ways of maintaining their mental and physical wellbeing. They will explore the connections between self-image, feelings and behaviour, and practise describing themselves using positive attributes. They will learn about the risks associated with legal and illegal harmful substances, and find out about viruses, bacteria, vaccinations and immunisation. Our unique bodies and self
  - acceptance valuing our bodies and minds; lifestyle habits (including alcohol, tobacco and drugs) and their

h ahu h aina mada), hanu hahiad		
baby being made); how babies	effects on wellbeing.	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>		
H34. about where to get more		
information, help and advice		
about growing and		
changing, especially about		
puberty		
H35. about the new		
opportunities and		
responsibilities that increasing		
independence may bring		
H36. strategies to manage		
transitions between classes		
and key stages		
H37. reasons for following		
and complying with regulations		
and restrictions		
(including age restrictions);		
how they promote personal		
safety and wellbeing with		
reference to social media,		
television programmes, films,		
games and online gaming		
H38. how to predict, assess		
and manage risk in different		
<mark>situations</mark>		
H39. about hazards (including		
fire risks) that may cause		
harm, injury or risk in the		
home and what they can do		
reduce risks and keep safe		
H40. about the importance of		
taking medicines correctly and		
using household		
products safely, (e.g. following		
instructions carefully)		
H41. strategies for keeping		
safe in the local environment		
or unfamiliar places (rail,		
water, road) and firework		
safety; safe use of digital		
devices when out and about		
H42. about the importance of		
keeping personal information		
private; strategies for		

keeping safe online, including	
how to manage requests for	
personal information	
or images of themselves and	
others; what to do if	
frightened or worried by	
something seen or read online	
and how to report concerns,	
inappropriate content	
and contact	
H43. about what is meant by	
first aid; basic techniques for	
dealing with common	
injuries <sup>2</sup>	
H44. how to respond and	
react in an emergency	
situation; how to identify	
situations that may require	
the emergency services; know	
how to contact them	
and what to say	
H45. that female genital	
mutilation (FGM) is against	
British law, what to do and	
whom to tell if they think they	
or someone they know might	
be at risk <sup>3</sup> H46. about the risks and	
effects of legal drugs common	
to everyday life (e.g.	
cigarettes, e-	
cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and	
medicines) and their impact on	
health:	
recognise that drug use can	
become a habit which can be	
difficult to break	
H47. to recognise that there	
are laws surrounding the use	
of legal drugs and that	
some drugs are illegal to own,	
use and give to others	
H48. about why people choose	
to use or not use drugs	
(including nicotine,	
alcohol and medicines);	

H49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns Relationships	PSHE Association scheme of work:	
<ul> <li>R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)</li> <li>R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and</li> </ul>	How can friends communicate safely? Friendships; relationships; becoming independent; online safety PoS refs: R1, R18, R24, R26, R29, L11, L15 • about the different types of	MARK
sexually: that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different <b>R3</b> . about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which	<ul> <li>relationships people have in their lives</li> <li>how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively</li> <li>how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face</li> </ul>	
is intended to be lifelong <b>R4</b> . that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others <b>R5</b> . that people who love and care for each other can be in a	<ul> <li>how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe</li> <li>about the types of content (including images) that is safe to share online; ways of seeking and giving consent before images or personal information is shared with friends or family</li> </ul>	
committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart <b>R6.</b> that a feature of positive family life is caring	<ul> <li>how to respond if a friendship is making them feelworried, unsafe or uncomfortable</li> <li>how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or</li> </ul>	

relationships; about the	c
different	Discover
ways in which people care for	Families
one another	module:
<b>R7</b> . to recognise and respect	Relations
that there are different types	
of family structure	• (
(including single parents,	e
same-sex parents, step-	c
parents, blended families, foster	ł
parents); that families of all	c
types can give family members	-
love, security and	+
stability	C
<b>R8</b> . to recognise other shared	v
characteristics of healthy	Ŀ
family life, including	1
commitment, care, spending	
time together; being there for each other in times of	r
difficulty	
<b>R9</b> . how to recognise if family	v
relationships are making them	
feel unhappy or	
unsafe, and how to seek help	S
or advice	C
<b>R10</b> . about the importance of	5
friendships; strategies for	• T
building positive	ł
friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing	c
R11. what constitutes a	ł
positive healthy friendship	g
(e.g. mutual respect, trust,	
truthfulness, loyalty, kindness,	Additio
generosity, sharing interests	• \
and experiences,	• •
support with problems and	5
difficulties); that the same	• •
principles apply to online	• E
friendships as to face-to-face	
relationships P12 to nacconice what it	• F
R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online'	• F
and how this differs	s I
	c c

concerns about personal safety overy Ed:

Families and Committed Relationships module: Healthy, Committed Relationships

- children will continue to explore the characteristics of healthy, happy families and committed relationships. They will learn more about the diversity of families and to respect children who come from family backgrounds different to their own. They will consider the values that make people want to commit to one another and what makes a stable, caring family life, including spending time together and giving each other support.
- The characteristics of healthy, positive and committed relationships, and how these develop as people grow older.

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, esafety, theatre companies, drama production companies.

from knowing someone face- to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary R19. about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour R20. strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling,	<ul> <li>Play in a Day</li> <li>Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.</li> <li>School Nurse workshops</li> <li>Book Week: Author visits</li> <li>Peer Marking</li> </ul>	
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deliberate excluding of		
others); how to report		
concerns and get suppo		
R21. about discriminat		
what it means and how	TO	
challenge it		
R22. about privacy and		
personal boundaries; w		
appropriate in friendsh		
and wider relationships	1	
(including online);		
R23. about why someo		
behave differently only		
including pretending to		
be someone they are no		
strategies for recognis		
risks, harmful content contact; how to report		
concerns		
R24. how to respond s	ofely	
and appropriately to ac		
they may encounter (in		
contexts including onlin		
whom they do not know		
R25. recognise differe		
types of physical conta		
what is acceptable and		
unacceptable; strategie		
respond to unwanted pl		
contact		
R26. about seeking and	d aivina	
permission (consent) in		
different situations		
R27. about keeping so	mething	
confidential or secret,		
this should (e.g. a		
birthday surprise that	others	
will find out about) or s		
not be agreed to, and		
when it is right to brea	<mark>ik a</mark>	
confidence or share a s	secret	
R28. how to recognise		
pressure from others t	to <mark>do</mark>	
something unsafe or th	l <mark>at</mark>	
makes them feel		
uncomfortable and stro	ategies	
for managing this		

R29. where to get advice and	
report concerns if worried	
about their own or	
someone else's personal safety	
(including online)	
<b>R30</b> . that personal behaviour	
<mark>can affect other people; to</mark>	
recognise and model	
respectful behaviour online	
R31. to recognise the	
importance of self-respect	
and how this can affect their	
thoughts and feelings about	
themselves; that everyone,	
including them, should	
expect to be treated politely	
and with respect by others	
(including when online	
and/or anonymous) in school	
and in wider society;	
strategies to improve or	
support courteous, respectful	
relationships	
R32. about respecting the	
differences and similarities	
between people and	
recognising what they have in	
common with others e.g.	
physically, in personality	
or background	
<b>R33</b> . to listen and respond	
respectfully to a wide range of	
people, including those	
whose traditions, beliefs and	
lifestyle are different to their	
own	
R34. how to discuss and	
debate topical issues, respect	
other people's point of	
view and constructively	
challenge those they disagree	
with	

Living in the wider world L1. to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities L4. the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) L6. about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means L7. to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community L8. about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate

# PSHE Association scheme of work: What decisions can people make with money?

Money; making decisions; spending and saving PoS refs: R34, L17, L18, L20, L21, L22, L24

- how people make decisions about spending and saving money and what influences them
- how to keep track of money so people know how much they have to spend or save
- how people make choices about ways of paying for things they want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store card/ credit cards; loans)
- how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and what this means to them that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions

## What jobs would we like?

Careers; aspirations; role models; the future

PoS refs: L26, L27, L28, L29, L30, L31,, L32

- that there is a broad range of different jobs and people often have more than one during their careers and over their lifetime
- that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be
- voluntary (unpaid) about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs that there are different ways into jobs and





against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced L11. recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12 how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L14. about how information on the internet is ranked. selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared <mark>on social media; rules</mark> surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation L17. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this L18. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good

careers, including college, apprenticeships and university

- how people choose a career/job and what influences their decision, including skills, interests and pay
- how to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do
- how they might choose a career/job for themselves when they are older, why they would choose it and what might influence their decisions

Discovery Ed: Similarities and Differences module: Celebrating Strengths and Setting Goals

- children will investigate what strengths and abilities are, appreciating how these are different for different people. They will have explore their own future goals and aspirations. In lesson three they will discuss and reflect on the risks and benefits of the internet and how they can keep themselves safe.
- Celebrating strengths, setting goals and keeping ourselves safe online.
   Additional coverage in school
  - School council, debating in English, London visit
  - Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
  - Circle time, wellbeing officer
  - Respect week, reward system

<ul> <li>value for money</li> <li>L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity)</li> <li>L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants</li> <li>L21. different ways to keep track of money</li> <li>L22. about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe</li> <li>L23. about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations</li> <li>L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and Emotions</li> <li>L25. to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes</li> <li>L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have, that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life</li> <li>L27. about stereotypes in the workplace and that a persor's career aspirations</li> <li>L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.</li> <li>Geography and history</li> <li>Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs</li> <li>ICT, e-safety</li> </ul>	
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	personal interests and values,		
	family connections to certain		
	trades or businesses,		
	strengths and qualities, ways		
	in which stereotypical		
	assumptions can deter people		
	from aspiring to certain jobs)		
	L29. that some jobs are paid		
	more than others and money is		
	one factor which may		
	influence a person's job or		
	career choice; that people may		
	choose to do voluntary		
	work which is unpaid		
	L30. about some of the skills		
	that will help them in their		
	future careers e.g.		
	teamwork, communication and		
	negotiation		
	L31. to identify the kind of		
	job that they might like to do		
	when they are older		
	L32. to recognise a variety of		
	routes into careers (e.g.		
	college, ap <mark>prenticeship</mark> ,		
	university)		
У6	<u>KS2 NC Objetives</u>	PSHE Association scheme of work:	
	Health and Wellbeing	How can we keep healthy as we	
	H1. how to make informed	grow?	
	decisions about health	Looking after ourselves; growing up;	
	H2. about the elements of a	becoming independent; taking more	DR-phol
	balanced, healthy lifestyle	responsibility	
	H3. about choices that	PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H7,	
	support a healthy lifestyle,	H8, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H16, H21,	
	and recognise what might	H22, H40, H46, R10	
	influence these		A CARLE
	H4. how to recognise that	<ul> <li>how mental and physical health</li> </ul>	1 / 1 H / P
	habits can have both positive	are linked	0 0 05/0
	and negative effects on	<ul> <li>how positive friendships and being involved in activities such</li> </ul>	
	a healthy lifestyle	as clubs and community groups	
	H5. about what good physical	support wellbeing	
	health means; how to	<ul> <li>how to make choices that</li> </ul>	
	recognise early signs of	support a healthy, balanced	Call Agent
	physical illness	lifestyle including:	
	H6. about what constitutes a	<ul> <li>how to plan a healthy meal</li> </ul>	
	healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to	<ul> <li>how to plan a healthy mean</li> <li>how to stay physically active</li> </ul>	
1	neurny means, deneting to	- now to stuy physically active	

health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on

- how to maintain good dental health, including oral hygiene, food and drink choices
- how to benefit from and stay safe in the sun
- how and why to balance time spent online with other activities
- how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; the effects of poor sleep; strategies that support good quality sleep
- how to manage the influence of friends and family on healthy choices
- that habits can be healthy or unhealthy; strategies to help change or break an unhealthy habit or take up a new healthy one
- how legal and illegal drugs can affect health and how to manage situations involving them
- how to recognise early signs of physicals or mental ill-health and what to do about this including whom to speak to in and outside school
- that health problems, including mental health problems, can build up if they are not recognised, managed, or if help is not sought early on
- that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss concerns with a trusted adult
- that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support

Discovery Ed: Healthy Bodies, Healthy Minds module: Being the Best Me

• children to further explore mental wellbeing,

dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking) H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health H15. that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity H18. about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings

including ways to maintain it and the factors that can affect it. They will learn about the importance of self-respect and how social media and other online experiences can impact our personal feelings and our sense of self-worth. They will learn that it is common for people to experience mental ill-health and that there is help and support available.

 being the healthiest me: ongoing self-care of bodies and minds, including ways to prevent and manage mental ill-health.

## Additional coverage in school:

- Circle Time, RE lessons morals, story books
- Young Leaders
- Science
- Making their own choices at lunch time
- Food displays in the hall
- Healthy lifestyle choices
- Smoothie Friday
- Achievers
- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room

H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways; H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations H21. to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others H22. to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we <mark>are (e.g. ethnicity,</mark> family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex

- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- NSPCC workshop (Y6)
- School Nurse Workshops
- 1:1 Tuition (Y6)
- Trips to CLC
- Y6 resilience rock climbing
- Peer massage
- Safety Works

H27. to recognise their	
individuality and personal	
<mark>qualities</mark>	
H28. to identify personal	
strengths, skills, achievements	
and interests and how	
these contribute to a sense of	
self-worth	
H29. about how to manage	
setbacks/perceived failures,	
including how to re-frame	
unhelpful thinking	
H30. to identify the external	
genitalia and internal	
reproductive organs in males	
and females and how the	
process of puberty relates to	
human reproduction	
H31. about the physical and	
emotional changes that happen	
when approaching	
and during puberty (including	
menstruation, key facts about	
the menstrual cycle	
and menstrual wellbeing,	
erections and wet dreams)	
H32. about how hygiene	
routines change during the	
time of puberty, the	
importance of keeping clean	
and how to maintain personal	
hygiene	
H33. about the processes of	
reproduction and birth as part	
of the human life	
cycle; how babies are	
conceived and born (and that	
there are ways to prevent a	
baby being made); how babies	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>	
H34. about where to get more	
information, help and advice	
about growing and	
changing, especially about	
puberty	

H35. about the new	
opportunities and	
responsibilities that increasing	
independence may bring	
H36. strategies to manage	
transitions between classes	
and key stages	
H37. reasons for following	
and complying with regulations	
and restrictions	
(including age restrictions);	
how they promote personal	
safety and wellbeing with	
reference to social media.	
television programmes, films,	
games and online gaming	
H38. how to predict, assess	
and manage risk in different	
situations	
H39. about hazards (including	
fire risks) that may cause	
harm, injury or risk in the	
home and what they can do	
reduce risks and keep safe	
H40. about the importance of	
taking medicines correctly and	
using household	
products safely, (e.g. following	
instructions carefully)	
H41. strategies for keeping	
safe in the local environment	
or unfamiliar places (rail,	
water, road) and firework	
safety; safe use of digital	
devices when out and about	
H42. about the importance of	
keeping personal information	
private; strategies for	
keeping safe online, including	
how to manage requests for	
personal information	
or images of themselves and	
others; what to do if	
frightened or worried by	
something seen or read online	
and how to report concerns,	
inappropriate content	

and contact	
H43. about what is meant by	
first aid; basic techniques for	
dealing with common	
injuries <sup>2</sup>	
H44. how to respond and	
react in an emergency	
situation; how to identify	
situations that may require	
the emergency services; know	
how to contact them	
and what to say	
H45. that female genital	
mutilation (FGM) is against	
British law, what to do and	
whom to tell if they think they	
or someone they know might	
be at risk <sup>3</sup>	
H46. about the risks and	
effects of legal drugs common	
to everyday life (e.g.	
<mark>cigarettes, e-</mark>	
cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and	
medicines) and their impact on	
health;	
recognise that drug use can	
become a habit which can be	
difficult to break	
H47. to recognise that there	
<mark>are laws surrounding the use</mark>	
of legal drugs and that	
<mark>some drugs are illegal to own,</mark>	
use and give to others	
H48. about why people choose	
to use or not use d <mark>rugs</mark>	
(including nicotine,	
alcohol and medicines);	
H49. about the mixed	
messages in the media about	
drugs, including alcohol and	
smoking/vaping	
H50. about the organisations	
that can support people	
concerning alcohol, tobacco	
and nicotine or other drug use;	
people they can talk to if they	
have concerns	

### **Relationships**

**R1**. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

**R2.** that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different **R3.** about marriage and civil

partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

R4. that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others **R5**. that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another R7. to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents,

same-sex parents, step-

PSHE Association scheme of work: What will change as we become more independent? How do friendships change as we grow?

Different relationships, changing and growing, adulthood, independence, moving to secondary school PoS refs: H24, H30, H33, H34, H35, H36, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R16

- that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships
  - that people who are attracted
     to and love each other can be of
     any gender, ethnicity or faith;
     the way couples care for one
     another
- that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership
- that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime
- how puberty relates to growing from childhood to adulthood
- about the reproductive organs and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for
- that there are ways to prevent a baby being made<sup>2</sup>
- how growing up and becoming more independent comes with increased opportunities and responsibilities
- how friendships may change as they grow and how to manage this
- how to manage change, including moving to secondary school; how



	s, blended families,
foster	
	s); that families of all
	an give family members
	curity and
stabilit	
	recognise other shared
charac <sup>.</sup>	teristics of healthy
family	life, including
commit	ment, care, spending
time to	gether; being there for
each ot	her in times of
difficu	lty
R9. ho	w to recognise if family
relation	nships are making them
	happy or
unsafe,	, and how to seek help
or advi	ce
<mark>R10</mark> . a	bout the importance of
friends	hips; strategies for
building	g positive
friends	hips; how positive
friends	hips support wellbeing
R11. w	hat constitutes a
positive	e healthy friendship
(e.g. m	utual respect, trust,
truthfu	ulness, loyalty, kindness,
genero	sity, sharing interests
and exp	periences,
suppor <sup>-</sup>	t with problems and
difficu	lties); that the same
princip	les apply to online
friends	hips as to face-to-face
relation	
<mark>R12.</mark> †	o recognise what it
means <sup>-</sup>	to 'know someone online'
and how	<mark>v this differs</mark>
from k	nowing someone face-
to-face	<mark>e; risks of</mark>
commu	nicating online with
<mark>others</mark>	
not kno	<mark>wn face-to-face</mark>
<b>R13</b> . †	he importance of
	support if feeling
	or excluded

to ask for support or where to seek further information and advice regarding growing up and changing

Discovery Ed: Healthy and Happy Friendships module: Relationships and Feelings

- pupils will explore how relationships evolve as they grow, and develop skills for coping with changes and managing a wider range of emotions. There is also a focus on recognising risks and staying safe.
- how relationships evolve as we grow, including when transitioning to secondary school. How to cope with a wider range of emotions

Discovery Ed: Caring and Responsibilty module: Respectful Behaviour As We Get Older

- focus on the ways in which we can start to take more responsibility for selfcare, including our physical health, our mental wellbeing and our money. It also explores the people who are there to help and support us as we move on to secondary school.
- How we can take more responsibility for selfcare and who cares for us as we grow older, including at secondary school

R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others **R16**. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary R19. about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour R20. strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support R21. about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it

Discovery Ed: Coping with Change Module: Coping with Emotional Effects of Life Changes

- children will explore the increase in their level of responsibility and the emotional effects of life changes as they grow older. They will explore things that can influence how they view themselves and how close relationships can change as they grow and go through puberty. Finally, they will look back at their time in Year 6, and they will share their hopes and concerns as they prepare to move on to secondary school.
- ways to manage the increasing responsibilities and emotional effects of life changes.

## Additional coverage in school:

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, esafety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Play in a Day
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

D22 shar	h mating and a start	
	it privacy and	
	oundaries; what is	
	e in friendships	
	relationships	
(including		
	<mark>it why someone may</mark>	
	ferently online,	
	pretending to	
	<mark>e they are not;</mark>	
	for recognising	
	<mark>nful content and</mark>	
<mark>contact; h</mark>	<mark>ow to report</mark>	
<mark>concerns</mark>		
<mark>R24. how</mark>	to respond safely	
and appro	<mark>oriately to adults</mark>	
they may	<mark>encounter (in all</mark>	
<mark>contexts i</mark>	ncluding online)	
whom they	<mark>/ do not know</mark>	
R25. reco	gnise different	
types of p	hysical contact;	
what is ac	ceptable and	
unaccepta	ble; strategies to	
respond to	o unwanted physical	
<mark>contact</mark>		
R26. abou	it seeking and giving	
permission	n (consent) in	
different	situations	
R27. abou	<mark>it keeping something</mark>	
<mark>confidenti</mark>	<mark>al or secret, when</mark>	
this should	<mark>d (e.g. a</mark>	
<mark>birthday s</mark>	urprise that others	
will find o	<mark>ut about) or should</mark>	
not be agr	eed to, and	
<mark>when it is</mark>	<mark>right to break a</mark>	
confidence	<mark>e or share a secret</mark>	
R28. how	to recognise	
pressure t	rom others to do	
something	unsafe or that	
makes the	<mark>m feel</mark>	
uncomfort	able and strategies	
for manag	ing this	
<b>R29</b> . whe	re to get advice and	
report cor	ncerns if worried	
about the	r own or	
someone e	lse's personal safety	
(including		

R30. that personal behaviour	
can affect other people; to	
recognise and model	
respectful behaviour online	
<b>R31</b> . to recognise the	
importance of self-respect	
and how this can affect their	
thoughts and feelings about	
themselves; that everyone,	
including them, should	
expect to be treated politely	
and with respect by others	
(including when online	
and/or anonymous) in school	
and in wider society;	
strategies to improve or	
support courteous, respectful	
relationships	
R32. about respecting the	
differences and similarities	
between people and	
recognising what they have in	
common with others e.g.	
physically, in personality	
or background	
R33. to listen and respond	
respectfully to a wide range of	
people, including those	
whose traditions, beliefs and	
lifestyle are different to their	
own	
R34. how to discuss and	
debate topical issues, respect	
other people's point of	
view and constructively	
<mark>challenge those they disagree</mark>	
with	

Living in the wider world L1. to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities L4. the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) L6. about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means L7. to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community L8. about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate

# PSHE Association scheme of work: How can the media influence people?

Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety PoS refs: H49, R34, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L23

- how the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing - their thoughts, feelings and actions
- that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images
- that mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions
- how text and images can be manipulated or invented; strategies to recognise this
- to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts
- to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it
- how information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them
- how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range
- how to respond to and if necessary, report information





against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced L11. recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12, how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13, about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L14. about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation L17. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this L18. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good

viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue

- to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impactit might have
- to discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints

Discovery Ed: Similarities and Differences module: Respectful Behaviour Online and Offline

- children will consider their own and others' online identities and behaviour, including how to identify and respond to bullying. Pupils will also reflect on how people feel when they don't 'fit in'.
- dentity and behaviour online and offline. Reflecting on how people feel when they don't 'fit in'.

## Additional coverage in school:

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs

value for money'	<ul> <li>ICT, e-safety</li> </ul>	
L19. that people's spending	· · · · ·	
decisions can affect others		
and the environment (e.g.		
Fair trade, buying single-use		
plastics, or giving to charity)		
L20. to recognise that people		
make spending decisions based		
on priorities, needs		
and wants		
L21. different ways to keep		
track of money		
L22. about risks associated		
with money (e.g. money can be		
won, lost or stolen)		
and ways of keeping money		
safe		
L23. about the risks involved		
in gambling; different ways		
money can be won or		
lost through gambling-related		
activities and their impact on		
health, wellbeing and		
future aspirations		
L24. to identify the ways that		
money can impact on people's		
feelings and		
Emotions		
L25. to recognise positive		
things about themselves and		
their achievements; set		
goals to help achieve personal		
outcomes		
L26. that there is a broad		
range of different		
jobs/careers that people can		
have:		
that people often have more		
than one career/type of job		
during their life		
L27. about stereotypes in the		
workplace and that a person's		
career aspirations		
should not be limited by them		
L28. about what might		
influence people's decisions		
about a job or career (e.g.		
about a job of career (e.g.		