# National Curriculum 2020 Scheme of Work

# **PSHE**



# Statutory Requirements and school curriculum

NC Programme of study	Additional school	Photos
	curriculum	
effective learning Red— early le Three strands of learning: self-self-awareness, making relation managing feelings and behavion self-confidence and Self-awareness.  Self-confidence and Self-awareness.  Separates from main carer with supposence and interests.  Can select and use activities and resonate supposence and values praise for whate self-injous responsibility of carrying out soutgoing towards unfamiliar people of a new social situations. Confident to towhen playing, and will communicate shome and community. Shows confident for help.  Reception  Confident to speak to others about on interests and opinions. Can describe and talk about abilities.  Early Learning Goal  Children are confident to try new act they like some activities more than of confident to speak in a familiar group ideas, and will choose the resources to chosen activities. They say when they help.	school:  Milk and fruit time PE Coach Dance Coach Toothbrushing at BClu Reward systems Behaviour system Respect Week Circle time Wash hands posters Assemblies Theatre company Feelings chart Buddies Stories National occasions — Mother's Day, Valentines Day, Father's Day etc Displays, artwork, Reading corners, Library time Sensory room time Turn taking, borrowin items (library) Church visits, local	
Making Relationships  Nursery:  • Interested in others' play and starting out others to share experiences. •Show concern for people who are special to special friendship with another child.  Can play in a group, extending and e.g. building up a role-play activity we Initiates play, offering cues to peers the play going by responding to Reception  • Initiates conversations, attends to any what others say. •Explains own knowled understanding, and asks appropriate •Takes steps to resolve conflicts with a finding a compromise.  Early Learning Goal Children play co-operatively, taking turns with account of one another's ideas about	<ul> <li>Road Safety</li> <li>Constant provision</li> <li>In Harmony music project</li> <li>Balance Bikes</li> <li>d takes account of dge and uestions of others. ther children, e.g.</li> <li>others. They take</li> </ul>	

account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and

other children

# Managing feelings and behaviour Nursery:

•Seeks comfort from familiar adults when needed. •Can express their own feelings such as sad, happy, cross, scared, worried. Responds to the feelings and wishes of others. ·Aware that some actions can hurt or harm others. •Tries to help or give comfort when others are distressed. ·Shows understanding and cooperates with some boundaries and routines. •Can inhibit own actions/behaviours, e.q. stop themselves from doing something they shouldn't do. Growing ability to distract self when upset, e.q. by engaging in a new play activity. Aware of own feelings, and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. •Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others. •Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met. •Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine.

#### Reception

•Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. •Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting. •Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy. Early Learning Goal Children talk about how they and others show feelings,

children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.

#### **Y1**

#### KS1 NC Objectives:

#### Health and Wellbeing

**H1.** about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy

**H2.** about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar

**H3.** about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday

**H4.** about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax

**H5.** simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading

**H6.** that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that

support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy

**H7.** about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food

#### and drink that support dental health

**H8.** how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage

**H9.** about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing

when to take a break from time online or TV

# **H10.** about the people who help us to stay physically healthy

**H11.** about different feelings that humans can experience

**H12.** how to recognise and name different feelings

**H13.** how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave

**H14.** how to recognise what others might be feeling

**H15.** to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things

**H16.** about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings

**H17.** about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, qetting enough sleep)

**H18.** different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What helps us stay healthy?

Being healthy; hygiene; medicines; people who help us with health

PoS refs: H1, H5, H6, H7, H10, H37

- what being healthy means and who helps help them to stay
   healthy (e.g. parent, dentist, doctor)
- that things people put into or onto their bodies can affect how they feel
- how medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations) can help people stay healthy and that some people need to take medicines every day to stay healthy
- why hygiene is important and how simple hygiene routines can stop germs from being passed on
- what they can do to take care of themselves on a daily basis, e.g. brushing teeth and hair, hand washing

#### Who helps to keep us safe?

Keeping safe; people who help us PoS refs: H33, H35, H36, R15, R20, L5

- that people have different roles in the community to help them (and others) keep safe - the jobs they do and how they help people
- who can help them in different places and situations; how to attract someone's attention or ask for help; what to say
- how to respond safely to adults they don't know
- what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; and the importance of keeping on asking for support until they are heard
- how to get help if there is an accident and someone is hurt, including how to dial 999 in an emergency and what to say



Forest school/circle time



down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good

**H19.** to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it

**H20.** about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with

this; to recognise what helps people to feel better

**H21.** to recognise what makes them special

**H22.** to recognise the ways in which we are all unique

**H23.** to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike

**H24.** how to manage when finding things difficult

**H25.** to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva,

vagina, penis, testicles)

**H26.** about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change

**H27.** about preparing to move to a new class/year group

**H28.** about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe

**H29.** to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm

**H30.** about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and

fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)

**H31.** that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly

**H32.** ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely.

**H33.** about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe

**H34.** basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted

adult if they come across something that scares them

**H35.** about what to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt

H36. how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say)

H37. about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these

- Milk and fruit time
- PE Coach
- Dance Coach
- Tooth brushing at BClub
- Achievers
- Reward systems
- Respect Week
- Circle time
- Wash hands posters
- Behaviour system
- Assemblies
- Theatre company
- Feelings chart
- Buddies
- Stories
- In Harmony Music
- School Nurse workshops

can affect how people feel

#### Relationships

- **R1.** about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives
- **R2.** to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for
- **R3.** about different types of families including those that may be different to their own
- **R4.** to identify common features of family life
- **R5.** that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried
- **R6.** about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship
- **R7.** about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to
- **R8.** simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively
- **R9.** how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy
- **R10.** that bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people
- say hurtful things online
- **R11.** about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying
- **R12.** that hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult

PSHE Association scheme of work:

# What is the same and different about us?

Ourselves and others; similarities and differences; individuality; our bodies PoS refs: H21, H22, H23, H25, R13, R23, L6, L14

- what they like/dislike and are good at
- what makes them special and how everyone has different strengths
- how their personal features or qualities are unique to them
- how they are similar or different to others, and what they have in common

#### Who is special to us?

Ourselves and others; people who care for us; groups we belong to; families

PoS refs: L4, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5

- that family is one of the groups they belong to, as well as, for example, school, friends, clubs
- about the different people in their family / those that love and care for them
- what their family members, or people that are special to them,
- do to make them feel loved and cared





**R13.** to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private

**R14.** that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not

R15. how to respond safely to adults they don't know

**R16.** about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or

unsafe

**R17.** about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought

**R18.** about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises

that others will find out about eventually)

**R19.** basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to

do and which may make them unsafe

**R20.** what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard

**R21.** about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others **R22.** about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous

**R23.** to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others **R24.** how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively

for

- how families are all different but share common features – what is the same and different about them
- about different features of family life, including what families do/ enjoy together
- that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them feel unhappy or worried





R25. how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them	Additional coverage in school:  Circle time — pass on something nice , feeling chart, sharing toys  Case studies, assemblies, circle time  Behaviour system, reward system and circle time.  Discussing what they have done at the weekend/holidays, sharing opinions about choices  Wellbeing Officer  Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.	
Living in the wider world  L1. about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations  L2. how people and other living things have different needs; about the	PSHE Association scheme of work:  What can we do with money?  Money; making choices; needs and wants PoS refs: L10, L11, L12, L13  • what money is - that money comes in	
responsibilities of caring for them <b>L3.</b> about things they can do to help look after their environment <b>L4.</b> about the different groups they belong to	<ul> <li>different forms</li> <li>how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents)</li> <li>how people make choices about what to do with money,</li> </ul>	

- **L5.** about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community
- **L6.** to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people
- **L7.** about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others
- **L8.** about the role of the internet in everyday life
- **L9.** that not all information seen online is true
- **L10.** what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources
- **L11.** that people make different choices about how to save and spend money
- **L12.** about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want
- L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this L14. that everyone has different strengths
- **L15.** that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things
- **L16.** different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community
- **L17.** about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs

- including spending and saving
- the difference between needs and wants - that people may not always be able to have the things they want
  - how to keep money safe and the different ways of doing this

# How can we look after each other and the world?

Ourselves and others; the world around us; caring for others; growing and changing PoS refs: H26, H27, R21, R22, R24, R25, L2, L3

- how kind and unkind behaviour can affect others; how to be polite and courteous; how to play and work co-operatively
- the responsibilities they have in and out of the classroom
- how people and animals need to be looked after and cared for
- what can harm the local and global environment; how they and others can help care for it
- how people grow and change and how people's needs change as they grow from young to old
  - how to manage change when moving to a new class/year group

- National occasions Mother's Day, Valentines Day, Father's Day etc
- Circle time, playtimes.
- Friendship Week
- Local Area Studies
- Themed weeks: Spanish week, Chinese New Year, Christmas Week, Christmas around the world.
- Setting up links with other schools: Trust School Council
- Setting up links with schools in other countries e.g. Baghdad, China and Africa
- Enterprise Week Misty





#### KS1 NC Objectives:

#### Health and Wellbeing

**H1.** about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy

**H2.** about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar

**H3.** about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically

active everyday

**H4.** about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax

**H5.** simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading

**H6.** that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that

support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy

**H7.** about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food

and drink that support dental health

**H8.** how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage

**H9.** about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing

when to take a break from time online or TV

H10. about the people who help us to stay physically healthy

**H11.** about different feelings that humans can experience

**H12.** how to recognise and name different feelings

**H13.** how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave

**H14.** how to recognise what others might be feeling

**H15.** to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things

**H16.** about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings

**H17.** about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep)

H18. different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves

down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good

**H19.** to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What helps us to stay safe?

Keeping safe; recognising risk; rules PoS refs: H28, H29, H30, H31, H32, H34, R14, R16, R18, R19, R20, L1, L9

- how rules and restrictions help them to keep safe (e.g. basic road, fire, cycle, water safety; in relation to medicines/ household products and online)
- how to identify risky and potentially unsafe situations (in familiar and unfamiliar environments, including online) and take steps to avoid or remove themselves from them
- how to resist pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable, including keeping secrets
- how not everything they see online is true or trustworthy and that people can pretend to be someone they are not
- how to tell a trusted adult if they are worried for themselves or others, worried that something is unsafe or if they come across something that scares or concerns them

# What can help us grow and stay healthy?

Being healthy: eating, drinking, playing and sleeping

PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H8, H9

- that different things help their bodies to be healthy, including food and drink, physical activity, sleep and rest
- that eating and drinking too much sugar can affect their health, including dental health
- how to be physically active and how much rest and sleep they should have everyday
- that there are different ways to learn and play; how to know when to take a break from

**H20.** about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with

this; to recognise what helps people to

**H21.** to recognise what makes them special

**H22.** to recognise the ways in which we are all unique

**H23.** to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike

**H24.** how to manage when finding things difficult

**H25.** to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva,

vagina, penis, testicles)

**H26.** about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change

**H27.** about preparing to move to a new class/year group

**H28.** about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe

**H29.** to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm

**H30.** about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and

fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)

**H31.** that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly

**H32.** ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safelu

**H33.** about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe

**H34.** basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted

adult if they come across something that scares them

**H35.** about what to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt

H36. how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say)

**H37.** about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these

can affect how people feel

screen-time

 how sunshine helps bodies to grow and how to keep safe and well in the sun

#### How do we recognise our feelings?

Feelings; mood; times of change; loss and bereavement; growing up PoS refs: H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H16, H17, H18, H19, H20, H27

- how to recognise, name and describe a range of feelings
- what helps them to feel good, or better if not feeling good
- how different things / times / experiences can bring about different feelings for different people (including loss, change and bereavement or moving on to a new class/year group)
- how feelings can affect people in their bodies and their behaviour
- ways to manage big feelings and the importance of sharing their feelings with someone they trust

- Milk and fruit time
- PE Coach
- Dance Coach
- Tooth brushing at BClub
- Achievers
- Reward systems
- Respect Week
- Circle time
- Wash hands posters
- Behaviour system
- Assemblies
- Theatre company
- Feelings chart
- Buddies
- Stories
- In Harmony Music
- School Nurse workshops

#### **Relationships**

- **R1.** about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives
- **R2.** to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for
- **R3.** about different types of families including those that may be different to their own
- **R4.** to identify common features of family life
- **R5.** that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried
- **R6.** about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship
- **R7.** about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to
- **R8.** simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively **R9.** how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel und followed by the best of the strategies of the strategies and followed by the strategies of the strategies of
- **R10.** that bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can
- say hurtful things online
- **R11.** about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying
- **R12.** that hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult
- **R13.** to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered
- by underwear are private

  R14. that sometimes people may behave
  differently online, including by
  pretending to be someone they are not

**R15.** how to respond safely to adults they don't know

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What makes a good friend?

Friendship; feeling lonely; managing arguments

PoS refs: R6, R7, R8, R9, R25

- how to make friends with others
- how to recognise when they feel lonely and what they could do about it
- how people behave when they are being friendly and what makes a good friend
- how to resolve arguments that can occur in friendships
- how to ask for help if a friendship is making them unhappy

#### What is bullying?

Behaviour; bullying; words and actions; respect for others PoS refs: R10, R11, R12, R16, R17, R21, R22, R24, R25

- how words and actions can affect how people feel
- how to ask for and give/not give permission regarding physical contact and how to respond if physical contact makes them uncomfortable or unsafe
- why name-calling, hurtful teasing, bulling and deliberately excluding others is unacceptable
- how to respond if this happens in different situations
- how to report bullying or other hurtful behaviour, including online, to a trusted adult and the importance of doing so

**R16.** about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or

unsafe

**R17.** about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought

**R18.** about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises

that others will find out about eventually)

**R19.** basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want

do and which may make them unsafe

**R20.** what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard

**R21.** about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others **R22.** about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and

**R23.** to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others

**R24.** how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively

**R25.** how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them

- Circle time pass on something nice , feeling chart, sharing toys
- Case studies, assemblies, circle time
- Behaviour system, reward system and circle time.
- Discussing what they have done at the weekend/holidays, sharing opinions about choices
- Wellbeing Officer
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.

#### Living in the wider world

**L1.** about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed

#### for different situations

- **L2.** how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them
- **L3.** about things they can do to help look after their environment
- **L4.** about the different groups they belong to
- **L5.** about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community
- L6. to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people L7. about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others L8. about the role of the internet in
- everyday life **L9.** that not all information seen online
- **L10.** what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources
- **L11.** that people make different choices about how to save and spend money
- **L12.** about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want
- **L13.** that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this
- **L14.** that everyone has different strengths
- **L15.** that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things
- L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community

**L17.** about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different jobs

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What jobs do people do?

People and jobs; money; role of the internet

PoS refs: L15, L16, L17, L7, L8

- how jobs help people earn money to pay for things they need and want
- about a range of different jobs, including those done by people they know or people who work in their community
- how people have different strengths and interests that enable them to do different jobs
- how people use the internet and digital devices in their jobs and everyday life

#### Additional coverage in school:

- National occasions Mother's Day,
   Valentines Day, Father's Day etc
- Circle time, playtimes.
- Friendship Week
- Local Area Studies
- Themed weeks: Spanish week, Chinese New Year, Christmas Week, Christmas around the world.
- Setting up links with other schools: Trust School Council
- Setting up links with schools in other countries e.g. Baghdad, China and Africa
- Enterprise Week Misty

#### Y3 KS2

# KS2 NC Objetives Health and Wellbeing

- **H1.** how to make informed decisions about health
- **H2.** about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle
- **H3.** about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What keeps us safe?

Keeping safe; at home and school; our bodies; hygiene; medicines and household products PoS refs: H9, H10, H26, H39, H30, H40, H42, H43, H44, R25, R26, R28, R29

 how to recognise hazards that may cause harm or injury and what they should do to reduce risk and keep themselves (or others) safe

- **H4.** how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle
- **H5.** about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness
- H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.
- H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be
- physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle
- **H8.** about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support
- good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour
- and ability to learn
- **H9.** that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines
- can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and

how to maintain it

- **H10.** how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some
- diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed
- **H11.** how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing);
- why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on

- how to help keep their body protected and safe, e.g. wearing a seatbelt, protective clothing and stabilizers that their body belongs to them and should not be hurt or touched without their permission; what to do and who to tell if they feel uncomfortable
- how to recognise and respond to pressure to do something that makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable (including online)
- how everyday health and hygiene rules and routines help people stay safe and healthy (including how to manage the use of medicines, such as for allergies and asthma, and other household products, responsibly)
- how to react and respond if there is an accident and how to deal with minor injuries e.g. scratches, grazes, burns
- what to do in an emergency, including calling for help and speaking to the emergency services

## Why should we eat well and look after our teeth?

Being healthy: eating well, dental care PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H11, H14

- how to eat a healthy diet and the benefits of nutritionally rich foods
- how to maintain good oral hygiene (including regular brushing and flossing) and the importance of regular visits to the dentist
- how not eating a balanced diet can affect health, including the impact of too much sugar/acidic drinks on dental health
- how people make choices about what to eat and drink, including who or what influences these
- how, when and where to ask for advice and help about healthy eating and dental care

### Why should we keep active and sleep

Being healthy: keeping active, taking rest PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H7, H8, H13, H14 dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

**H14.** how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

**H15.** that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the

importance of taking care of mental health

H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing

**H17.** to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity

**H18.** about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings

**H19.** a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways;

**H20.** strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings;

- how regular physical activity benefits bodies and feelings
- how to be active on a daily and weekly basis - how to balance time online with other activities
- how to make choices about physical activity, including what and who influences decisions
- how the lack of physical activity can affect health and wellbeing
- how lack of sleep can affect the body and mood and simple routines that support good quality sleep
- how to seek support in relation to physical activity, sleep and rest and who to talk to if they are worried

- Circle Time, RE lessons morals, story books
- Young Leaders
- Science
- Making their own choices at lunch time
- Food displays in the hall
- Healthy lifestyle choices
- Smoothie Friday
- Achievers
- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room
- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- Roots of Empathy (Y3)
- School Nurse Workshops
- Trips to CLC
- Peer massage
- Jellyfish PSHE

how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations

**H21.** to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others

**H22.** to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most

difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to

discuss feelings with a trusted adult **H23.** about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings;

ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement

**H24.** problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools

**H25.** about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity,

family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes)

**H26.** that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their

#### biological sex

**H27.** to recognise their individuality and personal qualities **H28.** to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of selfworth

**H29.** about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking

**H30.** to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction

<b>H31.</b> about the physical and	
emotional changes that happen	
when approaching	
and during puberty (including	
menstruation, key facts about the	
menstrual cycle	
and menstrual wellbeing, erections	
and wet dreams)	
<b>H32.</b> about how hygiene routines	
change during the time of puberty,	
the	
importance of keeping clean and	
how to maintain personal hygiene	
<b>H33.</b> about the processes of	
reproduction and birth as part of	
the human life	
cycle; how babies are conceived	
and born (and that there are ways	
to prevent a	
baby being made); how babies	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>	
<b>H34.</b> about where to get more	
information, help and advice about	
growing and	
changing, especially about puberty	
<b>H35.</b> about the new opportunities	
and responsibilities that increasing	
independence may bring	
<b>H36.</b> strategies to manage	
transitions between classes and key	
stages	
<b>H37.</b> reasons for following and	
complying with regulations and restrictions	
(including age restrictions); how	
they promote personal safety and	
wellbeing with	
reference to social media, television	
programmes, films, games and	
online gaming	
<b>H38.</b> how to predict, assess and	
manage risk in different situations	
H39. about hazards (including fire	
risks) that may cause harm, injury	
or risk in the	
home and what they can do reduce	
risks and keep safe	
<b>H40.</b> about the importance of	
taking medicines correctly and	
using household	
products safely, (e.g. following	
instructions carefully)	

**H41.** strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about H42. about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to do if frightened or worried something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact H43. about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries<sup>2</sup> H44. how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say **H45.** that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk<sup>3</sup> **H46.** about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to **H47.** to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others **H48.** about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine,

alcohol and medicines);

**H49.** about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping

**H50.** about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

#### Relationships

**R1.** to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships,

family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different

and sexual orientation are different **R3.** about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

**R4.** that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

**R5.** that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed

relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart **R6.** that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another

**R7.** to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure

PSHE Association scheme of work:

# **How can we be a good friend?** Friendship; making positive friendships, managing loneliness, dealing with arguments

PoS refs: R10, R11, R13, R14, R17, R18

- how friendships support wellbeing and the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded
- how to recognise if others are feeling lonely and excluded and strategies to include them
- how to build good friendships, including identifying qualities that contribute to positive friendships
- that friendships sometimes have difficulties, and how to manage when there is a problem or an argument between friends, resolve disputes and reconcile differences
- how to recognise if a friendship is making them unhappy, feel
- uncomfortable or unsafe and how to ask for support

#### What are families like?

Families; family life; caring for each other PoS refs: R5, R6, R7, R8, R9

- how families differ from each other (including that not every family has the same family structure, e.g. single parents, same sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster and adoptive parents)
- how common features of positive





(including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability

**R8.** to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including

commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

**R9.** how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or

unsafe, and how to seek help or

**R10.** about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive

friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

**R11.** what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust,

truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences,

support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face

friendships as to face-to-face relationships

**R12.** to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs

from knowing someone face-toface; risks of communicating online with others

not known face-to-face

R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them

**R15.** strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer

- family life often include shared experiences, e.g. celebrations, special days or holidays
- how people within families should care for each other and the different ways they demonstrate this
- how to ask for help or advice if family relationships are making them feel unhappy, worried or unsafe

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, e-safety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Play in a Day
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary **R19.** about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and consequences of hurtful behaviour **R20.** strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support **R21.** about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it **R22.** about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online); **R23.** about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns **R24.** how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know R25. recognise different types of

physical contact; what is acceptable

and

unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact **R26.** about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations **R27.** about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.q. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret **R28.** how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this R29. where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online) **R30.** that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online **R31.** to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships R32. about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own

**R34.** how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with

#### Living in the wider world

- **L1.** to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws
- **L2.** to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone
- **L3.** about the relationship between rights and responsibilities
- **L4.** the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others
- **L5.** ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)
- **L6.** about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means
- **L7.** to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community

communities

- **L8.** about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within
- L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes
  L10. about prejudice; how to
- **L10.** about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### What makes a community?

Community; belonging to groups; similarities and differences; respect for others

PoS refs: R32, R33, L6, L7, L8

- how they belong to different groups and communities, e.g. friendship, faith, clubs, classes/year groups
- what is meant by a diverse community; how different groups make up the wider/local community around the school
- how the community helps everyone to feel included and values the different contributions that people make
- how to be respectful towards people who may live differently to them

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs
- ICT, e-safety



<b>L11.</b> recognise ways in which the	
internet and social media can be	
used both	
positively and negatively	
<b>L12.</b> how to assess the reliability	
of sources of information online;	
and how to	
make safe, reliable choices from	
search results	
<b>L13.</b> about some of the different	
ways information and data is	
shared and used	
online, including for commercial	
purposes	
<b>L14.</b> about how information on the	
internet is ranked, selected and	
targeted at	
specific individuals and groups; that	
connected devices can share	
information	
<b>L15.</b> recognise things appropriate	
to share and things that should not	
be shared	
on social media; rules surrounding	
distribution of images	
<b>L16.</b> about how text and images in	
the media and on social media can	
be	
manipulated or invented; strategies	
to evaluate the reliability of sources	
and	
identify misinformation	
<b>L17.</b> about the different ways to	
pay for things and the choices	
people have about	
this	
<b>L18.</b> to recognise that people have	
different attitudes towards saving	
and	
spending money; what influences	
people's decisions; what makes	
something 'good	
value for money'	
<b>L19.</b> that people's spending	
decisions can affect others and the	
environment (e.g.	
Fair trade, buying single-use	
plastics, or giving to charity)	
<b>L20.</b> to recognise that people make	
spending decisions based on priorities, needs	
and wants	
unu wunus	

**L21.** different ways to keep track of money **L22.** about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe **L23.** about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations **L24.** to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and **Emotions L25.** to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements: set goals to help achieve personal outcomes **L26.** that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life **L27.** about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them **L28.** about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.q. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) **L29.** that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid **L30.** about some of the skills that

will help them in their future

careers e.q.

teamwork, communication and negotiation

**L31.** to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older

**L32.** to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)

#### Y4 KS2 NC Objetives

#### Health and Wellbeing

**H1.** how to make informed decisions about health

**H2.** about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle

**H3.** about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these

**H4.** how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestule

**H5.** about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness

**H6.** about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not

eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.

**H7.** how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities

physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle

**H8.** about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support

good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn PSHE Association scheme of work:

# What strengths, skills and interests do we have?

Self-esteem: self-worth; personal qualities; goal setting; managing set backs PoS refs: H27, H28, H29, L25

- how to recognise personal qualities and individuality
- to develop self-worth by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements
- how their personal attributes, strengths, skills and interests contribute to their self-esteem
- how to set goals for themselves
- how to manage when there are setbacks, learn from mistakes and reframe unhelpful thinking

#### How can we manage our feeliings?

Feelings and emotions; expression of feelings; behaviour

PoS refs: H17, H18, H19, H20, H23

- how everyday things can affect feelings
- how feelings change over time and can be experienced at different levels of intensity
- the importance of expressing feelings and how they can be expressed in different ways
- how to respond proportionately to, and manage, feelings in different circumstances
- ways of managing feelings at times of loss, grief and change
- how to access advice and support to help manage their own or others' feelings





**H9.** that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it

**H10.** how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some

diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed

**H11.** how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing);

why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on

dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

**H12.** about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk

**H13.** about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

of skin cancer

H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

**H15.** that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the

importance of taking care of mental health

**H16.** about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community

# How can we manage risk in different places?

Keeping safe; out and about; recognising and managing risk PoS refs: H12, H37, H38, H41, H42, H47, R12, R15, R23, R24, R28, R29, L1, L5, L15

- how to recognise, predict, assess and manage risk in different situations
- how to keep safe in the local environment and less familiar locations (e.g. near rail, water, road; fire/firework safety; sun safety and the safe use of digital devices when out and about)
- how people can be influenced by their peers' behaviour and by a desire for peer approval; how to manage this influence
- how people's online actions can impact on other people
- how to keep safe online, including managing requests for personal information and recognising what is appropriate to share or not share online
- how to report concerns, including about inappropriate online
- content and contact
- that rules, restrictions and laws
   exist to help people keep safe and
   how to respond if they become
   aware of a situation that is anti social or against the law

- Circle Time, RE lessons morals, story books
- Young Leaders
- Science
- Making their own choices at lunch time

groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing

H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity

H18. about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings

H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express

feelings in different ways;

**H20.** strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations

**H21.** to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others

**H22.** to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most

difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to

discuss feelings with a trusted adult

H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings;

ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement

**H24.** problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new

H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture,

hobbies, likes/dislikes)

- Food displays in the hall
- Healthy lifestyle choices
- Smoothie Friday
- Achievers
- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room
- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- Seeds4Life (Y4)
- School Nurse Workshops
- Peer massage
- Hoops4Health

**H26.** that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex **H27.** to recognise their individuality and personal qualities **H28.** to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of selfworth H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking **H30.** to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction **H31.** about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams) **H32.** about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene **H33.** about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for1 **H34.** about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty **H35.** about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring **H36.** strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages

<b>H37.</b> reasons for following and	
complying with regulations and	
restrictions	
(including age restrictions); how	
they promote personal safety and	
wellbeing with	
reference to social media, television	
programmes, films, games and	
online gaming	
<b>H38.</b> how to predict, assess and	
manage risk in different situations	
<b>H39.</b> about hazards (including fire	
risks) that may cause harm, injury	
or risk in the	
home and what they can do reduce	
risks and keep safe	
<b>H40.</b> about the importance of	
taking medicines correctly and	
using household	
products safely, (e.g. following	
instructions carefully)	
<b>H41.</b> strategies for keeping safe in	
the local environment or unfamiliar	
places (rail,	
water, road) and firework safety;	
safe use of digital devices when out	
and about	
H42. about the importance of	
keeping personal information	
private; strategies for	
keeping safe online, including how	
to manage requests for personal	
information	
or images of themselves and others;	
what to do if frightened or worried	
by	
something seen or read online and	
how to report concerns,	
inappropriate content	
and contact	
H43. about what is meant by first	
aid; basic techniques for dealing	
with common	
injuries <sup>2</sup>	
<b>H44.</b> how to respond and react in	
an emergency situation; how to	
identify	
situations that may require the	
emergency services; know how to	
contact them	
and what to say	

**H45.** that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or

whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk<sup>3</sup>

**H46.** about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g.

cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health;

recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break

**H47.** to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others

**H48.** about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine,

alcohol and medicines);

**H49.** about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping

**H50.** about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

#### Relationships

**R1.** to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships,

family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different

**R3.** about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment

PSHE Association scheme of work:

# How do we treat each other with respect?

Respect for self and others; courteous behaviour; safety; human rights PoS refs: R19, R20, R21, R22, R25, R27, R29, R30, R31, H45, L2, L3, L10

- how people's behaviour affects themselves and others, including online
- how to model being polite and courteous in different situations and recognise the respectful behaviour they should receive in return
- about the relationship between rights and responsibilities





made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

**R4.** that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

**R5.** that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed

relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart

**R6.** that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different

ways in which people care for one another

**R7.** to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure

(including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster

parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability

**R8.** to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including

use, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

**R9.** how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or

unsafe, and how to seek help or advice

**R10.** about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive

friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

**R11.** what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences,

- about the right to privacy and how to recognise when a confidence or secret should be kept (such as a nice birthday surprise everyone will find out about) or not agreed to and when to tell (e.g. if someone is being upset or hurt)\*
- the rights that children have and why it is important to protect these\*
- that everyone should feel included, respected and not discriminated against; how to respond if they witness or experience exclusion, disrespect or discrimination
- how to respond to aggressive or inappropriate behaviour (including online and unwanted physical contact) – how to report concerns

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, e-safety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-toface; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others **R16.** how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary R19. about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour **R20.** strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support

R21. about discrimination: what it	
means and how to challenge it	
R22. about privacy and personal	
boundaries; what is appropriate in	
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and wider relationships (including	
online);	
<b>R23.</b> about why someone may	
behave differently online, including	
pretending to	
be someone they are not; strategies	
for recognising risks, harmful	
content and	
contact; how to report concerns	
<b>R24.</b> how to respond safely and	
appropriately to adults they may	
encounter (in all	
contexts including online) whom	
they do not know	
<b>R25.</b> recognise different types of	
physical contact; what is acceptable	
and	
unacceptable; strategies to respond	
to unwanted physical contact	
<b>R26.</b> about seeking and giving	
permission (consent) in different	
situations	
<b>R27.</b> about keeping something	
confidential or secret, when this	
should (e.g. a	
birthday surprise that others will	
find out about) or should not be	
agreed to, and	
when it is right to break a	
confidence or share a secret	
<b>R28.</b> how to recognise pressure	
from others to do something unsafe	
or that	
makes them feel uncomfortable and	
strategies for managing this	
<b>R29.</b> where to get advice and	
report concerns if worried about	
their own or	
someone else's personal safety	
(including online)	
<b>R30.</b> that personal behaviour can	
affect other people; to recognise	
and model	
respectful behaviour online	
<b>R31.</b> to recognise the importance	
of self-respect and how this can	
affect their	
J	

thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships R32. about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### Living in the wider world

those they disagree with

people's point of

R34. how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other

view and constructively challenge

- L1. to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws
- L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone
- L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities
- **L4.** the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities

we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others

L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the

environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)

#### How can our choices make a difference to others and the environment?

Caring for others; the environment; people and animals; shared responsibilities, making choices and decisions

PoS refs: L4, L5, L19, R34

- how people have a shared responsibility to help protect the world around them
- how everyday choices can affect the environment
- how what people choose to buy or spend money on can affect others or the environment (e.g. Fairtrade, single use plastics, giving to charity)
- the skills and vocabulary to share their thoughts, ideas and opinions in discussion about topical







- **L6.** about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a
- community means
- L7. to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community
- L8. about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community;
- about valuing diversity within communities
- **L9.** about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for
- L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate
- against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced
- **L11.** recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both

positively and negatively

challenging stereotypes

- **L12.** how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results
- **L13.** about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes
- **L14.** about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information
- **L15.** recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images
- **L16.** about how text and images in the media and on social media can

issues

- how to show care and concern for others (people and animals)
- how to carry out personal responsibilities in a caring and compassionate way

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs
- ICT, e-safety

manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources identify misinformation **L17.** about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this **L18.** to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) **L20.** to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants **L21.** different ways to keep track of money **L22.** about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe **L23.** about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations **L24.** to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and **Emotions L25.** to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal **L26.** that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their

life

**L27.** about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them **L28.** about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.q. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) **L29.** that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid **L30.** about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.q. teamwork, communication and negotiation L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older **L32.** to recognise a variety of

PSHE Association scheme of work:

### What makes up our identity?

Identify; personal attributes and qualities; similarities and differences; individuality; stereotypes

PoS refs: H25, H26, H27, R32, L9

- how to recognise and respect similarities and differences
   between people and what they have in common with others
- that there are a range of factors that contribute to a person's identity (e.g. ethnicity, family, faith, culture, gender, hobbies, likes/dislikes)
- how individuality and personal qualities make up someone's



**Y5** 

## KS2 NC Objetives Health and Wellbeing

apprenticeship, university)

routes into careers (e.g. college,

**H1.** how to make informed decisions about health

**H2.** about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle

**H3.** about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these

**H4.** how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle

**H5.** about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness

H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.

H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive

**H8.** about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support

good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour

and ability to learn

**H9.** that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal

how to maintain it

hygiene and

**H10.** how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some

diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed

**H11.** how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing);

why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on

dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

**H12.** about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep

- identity (including that gender identity is part of personal identity and for some people does not correspond with their biological sex)
- about stereotypes and how they are not always accurate, and can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others
- ow to challenge stereotypes and assumptions about others

## How can we help in an accident or emergency?

Basic first aid, accidents, dealing with emergencies

PoS refs: H43, H44

- how to carry out basic first aid including for burns, scalds, cuts, bleeds, choking, asthma attacks or allergic reactions
- that if someone has experienced a head injury, they should not be moved
- when it is appropriate to use first aid and the importance of seeking adult help
- the importance of remaining calm in an emergency and providing clear information about what has happened to an adult or the emergency services

## How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?

Drugs, alcohol and tobacco; healthy habits

PoS refs: H1, H3, H4, H46, H47, H48, H50

- how drugs common to everyday life (including smoking/vaping
  - nicotine, alcohol, caffeine and medicines) can affect health and Wellbeing
- that some drugs are legal (but

safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

**H15.** that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the

importance of taking care of mental health

H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing

**H17.** to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity

**H18.** about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings

**H19.** a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express

feelings in different ways;

H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in

different situations

**H21.** to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others

may have laws or restrictions related to them) and other drugs are illegal

how laws surrounding the use of drugs exist to protect them and others why people choose to use or not use different drugs

- how people can prevent or reduce the risks associated with them
- that for some people, drug use can become a habit which is difficult to break
- how organisations help people to stop smoking and the support available to help people if they have concerns about any drug use
- how to ask for help from a trusted adult if they have any worries or concerns about drugs

**H22.** to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement **H24.** problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools **H25.** about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.q. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex **H27.** to recognise their individuality and personal qualities **H28.** to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of selfworth **H29.** about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking **H30.** to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction **H31.** about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams)

**H32.** about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene **H33.** about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for1 **H34.** about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty **H35.** about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring **H36.** strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages H37. reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming H38. how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations H39. about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do reduce risks and keep safe H40. about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g. following instructions carefully) H41. strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about H42. about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for

keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to do if frightened or worried bu something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact H43. about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries<sup>2</sup> H44. how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say **H45.** that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk<sup>3</sup> H46. about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to **H47.** to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others H48. about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines); **H49.** about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco

and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

#### **Relationships**

**R1.** to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships,

family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different

**R3.** about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and

made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

**R4.** that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

**R5.** that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed

relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart

**R6.** that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different

ways in which people care for one another

**R7.** to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure

(including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types

can give family members love, security and stability

**R8.** to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including

PSHE Association scheme of work:

## How can friends communicate safely?

Friendships; relationships; becoming independent; online safety
PoS refs: R1, R18, R24, R26, R29, L11, L15

- about the different types of relationships people have in their lives
- how friends and family communicate together; how the internet and social media can be used positively
- how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face-to-face
- how to recognise risk in relation to friendships and keeping safe
- about the types of content (including images) that is safe to share online; ways of seeking and giving consent before images or personal information is shared with friends or family
- how to respond if a friendship is making them feel worried, unsafe or uncomfortable
- how to ask for help or advice and respond to pressure, inappropriate contact or concerns about personal safety

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, e-safety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Play in a Day





commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

**R9.** how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or

unsafe, and how to seek help or advice

**R10.** about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive

friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

**R11.** what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust,

truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences,

support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online

friendships as to face-to-face relationships

**R12.** to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs

from knowing someone face-toface; risks of communicating online with others

not known face-to-face

**R13.** the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded **R14.** that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others

may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them

**R15.** strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to

approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others

**R16.** how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends

**R17.** that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and

- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

T		
	reconcile differences positively and	
	safely	
	R18. to recognise if a friendship	
	(online or offline) is making them	
	feel unsafe or	
	uncomfortable; how to manage this	
	and ask for support if necessary	
	<u> </u>	
	<b>R19.</b> about the impact of bullying,	
	including offline and online, and	
	the	
	consequences of hurtful behaviour	
	<b>R20.</b> strategies to respond to	
	hurtful behaviour experienced or	
	witnessed, offline	
	and online (including teasing,	
	name-calling, bullying, trolling,	
	harassment or the	
	deliberate excluding of others); how	
	to report concerns and get support	
	<b>R21.</b> about discrimination: what it	
	means and how to challenge it	
	<b>R22.</b> about privacy and personal	
	boundaries; what is appropriate in	
	friendships	
	and wider relationships (including	
	online);	
	<b>R23.</b> about why someone may	
	behave differently online, including	
	pretending to	
	be someone they are not; strategies	
	for recognising risks, harmful	
	content and	
	contact; how to report concerns	
	<b>R24.</b> how to respond safely and	
	appropriately to adults they may	
	encounter (in all	
	contexts including online) whom	
	they do not know	
	<b>R25.</b> recognise different types of	
	3 33 31 3	
	physical contact; what is acceptable	
	and	
	unacceptable; strategies to respond	
	to unwanted physical contact	
	<b>R26.</b> about seeking and giving	
	permission (consent) in different	
	situations	
	<b>R27.</b> about keeping something	
	confidential or secret, when this	
	should (e.g. a	
	birthday surprise that others will	
	find out about) or should not be	
_	agreed to, and	

when it is right to break a
confidence or share a secret
<b>R28.</b> how to recognise pressure
from others to do something unsafe
or that
makes them feel uncomfortable and
strategies for managing this
<b>R29.</b> where to get advice and
report concerns if worried about
their own or
someone else's personal safety
(including online)
<b>R30.</b> that personal behaviour can
affect other people; to recognise
and model
respectful behaviour online
<b>R31.</b> to recognise the importance
of self-respect and how this can
affect their
thoughts and feelings about
themselves; that everyone,
including them, should
expect to be treated politely and
with respect by others (including
when online
and/or anonymous) in school and
in wider society; strategies to
improve or
support courteous, respectful
relationships
<b>R32.</b> about respecting the
differences and similarities between
people and
recognising what they have in
common with others e.g. physically,
in personality
or background
R33. to listen and respond
respectfully to a wide range of
people, including those
whose traditions, beliefs and
lifestyle are different to their own
<b>R34.</b> how to discuss and debate
topical issues, respect other
people's point of
view and constructively challenge
those they disagree with
and a strong and any or work

#### Living in the wider world

- **L1.** to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws
- **L2.** to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone
- **L3.** about the relationship between rights and responsibilities
- **L4.** the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities
- we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others
- **L5.** ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how

everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; foo

reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)

**L6.** about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means

**L7.** to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community

**L8.** about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community;

## about valuing diversity within communities

**L9.** about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes

**L10.** about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding

to it if witnessed or experienced **L11.** recognise ways in which the

internet and social media can be used both

positively and negatively

PSHE Association scheme of work:

## What decisions can people make with money?

Money; making decisions; spending and saving

PoS refs: R34, L17, L18, L20, L21, L22, L24

- how people make decisions about spending and saving money and what influences them
- how to keep track of money so people know how much they have to spend or save
- how people make choices about ways of paying for things they want and need (e.g. from current accounts/savings; store card/ credit cards; loans)
- how to recognise what makes something 'value for money' and what this means to them that there are risks associated with money (it can be won, lost or stolen) and how money can affect people's feelings and emotions

#### What jobs would we like?

Careers; aspirations; role models; the future PoS refs: L26, L27, L28, L29, L30, L31,, L32

- that there is a broad range of different jobs and people often have more than one during their careers and over their lifetime
- that some jobs are paid more than others and some may be

voluntary (unpaid)

about the skills, attributes, qualifications and training needed for different jobs

that there are different ways into jobs and careers, including college, apprenticeships and university

how people choose a career/job and what influences their decision, including skills, interests and pay

- how to question and challenge stereotypes about the types of jobs people can do
- how they might choose a career/job for themselves when they are older, why they would choose it and what might





- **L12.** how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results
- **L13.** about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes
- **L14.** about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that

specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information

- **L15.** recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared
- on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images
- **L16.** about how text and images in the media and on social media can be

manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and

identify misinformation

**L17.** about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this

**L18.** to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving

spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good

value for money'

**L19.** that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g.

Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity)

**L20.** to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants

**L21.** different ways to keep track of money

**L22.** about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen)

influence their decisions

#### Additional coverage in school

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs

ICT, e-safety

and ways of keeping money saf	2	
<b>L23.</b> about the risks involved in		
gambling; different ways money		
can be won or		
lost through gambling-related		
activities and their impact on		
health, wellbeing and		
future aspirations		
<b>L24.</b> to identify the ways that		
money can impact on people's		
feelings and		
Emotions		
<b>L25.</b> to recognise positive thing	S	
about themselves and their		
achievements; set		
goals to help achieve personal		
outcomes		
<b>L26.</b> that there is a broad rang		
different jobs/careers that peopl	9	
can have;	_	
that people often have more the		
one career/type of job during th	eir	
life		
<b>L27.</b> about stereotypes in the		
workplace and that a person's		
career aspirations		
should not be limited by them	_	
<b>L28.</b> about what might influence	<mark>e</mark>	
people's decisions about a job o		
career (e.g.		
personal interests and values,		
family connections to certain tro	<mark>ides</mark>	
or businesses,		
strengths and qualities, ways in		
which stereotypical assumptions		
<mark>can deter people</mark>		
from aspiring to certain jobs)		
L29. that some jobs are paid m	<mark>ore</mark>	
than others and money is one		
factor which may		
influence a person's job or care	r l	
choice; that people may choose		
do voluntary	_	
work which is unpaid		
<b>L30.</b> about some of the skills th	<u>at</u>	
will help them in their future		
careers e.q.		
teamwork, communication and		
negotiation		
<b>L31.</b> to identify the kind of job		
that they might like to do when		
they are older		

**L32.** to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)

## Y6 KS2 NC Objetives Health and Wellbeing

H1. how to make informed decisions about health
H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle
H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these

**H4.** how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle

**H5.** about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness

H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.

**H7.** how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be

physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle

**H8.** about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of

good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour

and ability to learn

how to maintain it

H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and

PSHE Association scheme of work:

## How can we keep healthy as we grow?

Looking after ourselves; growing up; becoming independent; taking more responsibility

PoS refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6, H7, H8, H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H16, H21, H22, H40, H46, R10

- how mental and physical health are linked
- how positive friendships and being involved in activities such as clubs and community groups support wellbeing
- how to make choices that support a healthy, balanced lifestyle including:
  - how to plan a healthy meal
  - how to stay physically active
  - how to maintain good dental health, including oral hygiene, food and drink choices
  - how to benefit from and stay safe in the sun
  - how and why to balance time spent online with other activities
  - how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; the effects of poor sleep; strategies that support good quality sleep
  - how to manage the influence of friends and family on healthy choices
  - that habits can be healthy or unhealthy; strategies to help change or break an unhealthy habit or take up a new healthy one
  - how legal and illegal drugs can affect health and how to manage situations involving them
  - how to recognise early signs of physicals or mental ill-health and what to do about this including whom to speak to in and outside school
  - that health problems, including mental health problems, can build up if they are not recognised,



H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed

**H11.** how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing);

why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on

dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

**H12.** about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online

**H14.** how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health

**H15.** that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the

importance of taking care of mental health

H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support

**H17.** to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity

mental health and wellbeing

- managed, or if help is not sought early on
- that anyone can experience mental ill-health and to discuss concerns with a trusted adult
- that mental health difficulties can usually be resolved or managed with the right strategies and support

- Circle Time, RE lessons morals, story books
- Young Leaders
- Science
- Making their own choices at lunch time
- Food displays in the hall
- Healthy lifestyle choices
- Smoothie Friday
- Achievers
- Videos, theatre company, case studies
- Wellbeing officer, feeling fans, quiet spaces to go to, sensory room
- Forest School
- Childline workshops
- Circle time, videos, case studies.
- Bikeability
- Toast
- Fruit and Milk
- NSPCC workshop (Y6)
- School Nurse Workshops
- 1:1 Tuition (Y6)
- Trips to CLC
- Y6 resilience rock climbing
- Peer massage
- Safety Works

H18. about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways; **H20.** strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations H21. to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others **H22.** to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult **H23.** about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools **H25.** about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.q. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex **H27.** to recognise their individuality and personal qualities **H28.** to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how

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these contribute to a sense of self-	
worth	
<b>H29.</b> about how to manage	
setbacks/perceived failures,	
including how to re-frame	
unhelpful thinking	
<b>H30.</b> to identify the external	
genitalia and internal reproductive	
organs in males	
and females and how the process	
of puberty relates to human	
reproduction	
<b>H31.</b> about the physical and	
emotional changes that happen	
when approaching	
and during puberty (including	
menstruation, key facts about the	
menstrual cycle	
and menstrual wellbeing, erections	
and wet dreams)	
<b>H32.</b> about how hygiene routines	
change during the time of puberty,	
the	
importance of keeping clean and	
how to maintain personal hygiene	
<b>H33.</b> about the processes of	
reproduction and birth as part of	
the human life	
cycle; how babies are conceived	
and born (and that there are ways	
to prevent a	
baby being made); how babies	
need to be cared for <sup>1</sup>	
<b>H34.</b> about where to get more	
information, help and advice about	
growing and	
changing, especially about puberty	
<b>H35.</b> about the new opportunities	
and responsibilities that increasing	
ndependence may bring	
<b>H36.</b> strategies to manage	
transitions between classes and key	
stages	
<b>H37.</b> reasons for following and	
complying with regulations and	
restrictions	
(including age restrictions); how	
they promote personal safety and	
wellbeing with	
reference to social media, television	
programmes, films, games and	
<mark>online gaming</mark>	

H38. how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations H39. about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do reduce risks and keep safe **H40.** about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g. following instructions carefully) **H41.** strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about H42. about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to do if frightened or worried something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact H43. about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries<sup>2</sup> **H44.** how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say **H45.** that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at H46. about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday

cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health;

recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break

**H47.** to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others

**H48.** about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine,

#### alcohol and medicines);

**H49.** about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping

**H50.** about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

#### Relationships

**R1.** to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships,

family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different R3. about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

**R4.** that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

PSHE Association scheme of work:

# What will change as we become more independent? How do friendships change as we grow?

Different relationships, changing and growing, adulthood, independence, moving to secondary school

PoS refs: H24, H30, H33, H34, H35, H36, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R16

- that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships
- that people who are attracted to and love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith; the way couples care for one another
- that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership
- that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime
- how puberty relates to growing from





**R5.** that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart **R6.** that a feature of positive

family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another

**R7.** to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure

(including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability

R8. to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

**R9.** how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or

unsafe, and how to seek help or advice

**R10.** about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive

friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

**R11.** what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust,

truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences,

support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online

friendships as to face-to-face relationships

**R12.** to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs

childhood to adulthood

- about the reproductive organs and process - how babies are conceived and born and how they need to be cared for
- that there are ways to prevent a baby being made<sup>2</sup>
- how growing up and becoming more independent comes with increased opportunities and responsibilities
- how friendships may change as they grow and how to manage
- how to manage change, including moving to secondary school; how to ask for support or where to seek further information and advice regarding growing up and changing

- Wellbeing officer
- Reward system, behaviour system
- Assemblies, circle time, RE lessons
- Break time, peer massage
- Theatre companies, drama
- Peer marking and voting
- Friendship week, posters, e-safety, theatre companies, drama production companies.
- Play in a Day
- Ad-hoc lessons following on from playground disputes.
- School Nurse workshops
- Book Week: Author visits
- Peer Marking

from knowing someone face-toface; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely **R18.** to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary **R19.** about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour **R20.** strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support R21. about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it **R22.** about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including

R23. about why someone may	
behave differently online, including	
pretending to	
be someone they are not; strategies	
for recognising risks, harmful	
content and	
contact; how to report concerns	
R24. how to respond safely and	
appropriately to adults they may	
encounter (in all	
contexts including online) whom	
they do not know	
<b>R25.</b> recognise different types of	
physical contact; what is acceptable	
and	
unacceptable; strategies to respond	
to unwanted physical contact	
<b>R26.</b> about seeking and giving	
permission (consent) in different	
situations	
<b>R27.</b> about keeping something	
confidential or secret, when this	
should (e.g. a	
birthday surprise that others will	
find out about) or should not be	
agreed to, and	
when it is right to break a	
confidence or share a secret	
<b>R28.</b> how to recognise pressure	
from others to do something unsafe	
or that	
makes them feel uncomfortable and	
strategies for managing this	
R29. where to get advice and	
report concerns if worried about	
their own or	
someone else's personal safety	
(including online)	
R30. that personal behaviour can	
affect other people; to recognise	
and model	
respectful behaviour online	
R31. to recognise the importance	
of self-respect and how this can	
affect their	
thoughts and feelings about	
themselves; that everyone,	
including them, should	
expect to be treated politely and	
with respect by others (including	
when online	
when online	

and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships

**R32.** about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background

**R33.** to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own **R34.** how to discuss and debate

**R34.** how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with

#### Living in the wider world

- **L1.** to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws
- **L2.** to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone
- **L3.** about the relationship between rights and responsibilities
- **L4.** the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities

we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others

**L5.** ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food

reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) **L6.** about the different groups that make up their community; what

living in a community means

PSHE Association scheme of work:

#### How can the media influence people? Media literacy and digital resilience; influences and decision-making; online safety

PoS refs: H49, R34, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L23

- how the media, including online experiences, can affect people's wellbeing – their thoughts, feelings and actions
- that not everything should be shared online or social media and that there are rules about this, including the distribution of images
- that mixed messages in the media exist (including about health, the news and different groups of people) and that these can influence opinions and decisions
- how text and images can be manipulated or invented; strategies to recognise this
- to evaluate how reliable different types of online content and media are, e.g. videos, blogs, news, reviews, adverts





- **L7.** to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community
- **L8.** about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community;
- about valuing diversity within communities
- **L9.** about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes
- **L10.** about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate
- against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced
- **L11.** recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both

#### positively and negatively

- **L12.** how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results
- **L13.** about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes
- **L14.** about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at
- specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information
- **L15.** recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images
- **L16.** about how text and images in the media and on social media can be

manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and

identify misinformation

- to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online and what to do about it
- how information is ranked, selected, targeted to meet the interests of individuals and groups, and can be used to influence them
- how to make decisions about the content they view online or in the media and know if it is appropriate for their age range
- how to respond to and if necessary, report information viewed online which is upsetting, frightening or untrue
- to recognise the risks involved in gambling related activities, what might influence somebody to gamble and the impact it might have
- to discuss and debate what influences people's decisions, taking into consideration different viewpoints

- School council, debating in English, London visit
- Visits from the police, assemblies, behaviour systems, school council making new school rules
- Circle time, wellbeing officer
- Respect week, reward system
- Local area studies and visits, assemblies by local people, success stories.
- Geography and history
- Enterprise week, aspirations for jobs
- ICT, e-safety

**L17.** about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about L18. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants L21. different ways to keep track of money **L22.** about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe L23. about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and **Emotions L25.** to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes **L26.** that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their **L27.** about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them

 <b>L28.</b> about what might influence
people's decisions about a job or
career (e.g.
personal interests and values,
family connections to certain trades
or businesses,
strengths and qualities, ways in
which stereotypical assumptions
can deter people
from aspiring to certain jobs)
<b>L29.</b> that some jobs are paid more
than others and money is one
factor which may
influence a person's job or career
choice; that people may choose to
do voluntary
work which is unpaid
<b>L30.</b> about some of the skills that
will help them in their future
careers e.g.
teamwork, communication and
negotiation
L31. to identify the kind of job
that they might like to do when
they are older
L32. to recognise a variety of
routes into careers (e.g. college,
apprenticeship,
university)