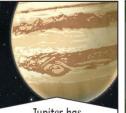
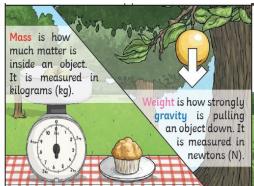
Forces – Science – Year 5 – Knowledge Organiser.

The Moon has a smaller mass than Earth so the gravitational pull on the Moon is smaller than it is on Earth.





Jupiter has a greater mass than Earth so the gravitational pull on Jupiter is stronger than on Earth.

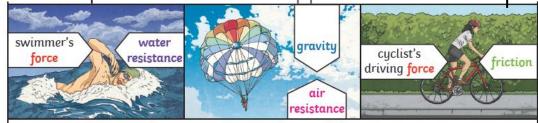


Isaac Newton is famously thought to have developed his theory of gravity when he saw an apple fall to the ground from an apple tree.

start to move. stop moving. Forces change can make direction. an object... change its shape. move more slowly.

move

faster.



Water resistance and air resistance are forms of friction. Friction is sometimes helpful and sometimes unhelpful. For example, air resistance is helpful as it stops the skydiver hitting the ground at high speed. Friction on a bike chain can make the bike harder to pedal so it is unhelpful.

Key vocabulary:

forces	Pushes or pulls.
gravity	A pulling force exerted by the Earth (or anything else which has mass).
Earth's gravitational pull	The pull that Earth exerts on an object, pulling it towards Earth's centre. It is the Earth's gravitational pull which keeps us on the ground.
weight	The measure of the force of gravity on an object.
mass	A measure of how much matter (or 'stuff') is inside an object.
friction	A force that acts between two surfaces or objects that are moving, or trying to move, across each other.
air resistance	A type of friction caused by air pushing against any moving object.
water resistance	A type of friction caused by water pushing against any moving object.
buoyancy	An upward force that a liquid applies to objects.
streamlined	When an object is shaped to minimise the effects of air or water resistance.
mechanism	Parts which work together in a machine. Examples of mechanisms are pulleys, gears and levers.

Gears, Pulleys, Cogs and Leavers.

Forces in Action.

