Year 2 - Science - Materials

Key vocabulary

rough

uneven, irregular surface



smooth

an even and regular surface



flexible

able to bend



hard

not easily broken or pierced



waterproof

repels water and liquids



A waterproof coat.

soft

not firm to the touch



rigid

unable to be bent or forced out of shape



Stone is rigid.

bumpy

uneven, raised patches



This shell is bumpy

shiny

reflects light, smooth surface



A shiny silver spoon.

dull

lacking shine or brightness



The moth's wings are dull.

Materials can have more than property



Plastic can be flexible, shiny, waterproof and smooth.

Materials can be used for more than one use based upon their properties.

e.g. wood







toy

shed ruler

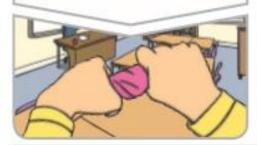
Uses of Everyday Materials

Key Vocabulary	
materials	Materials are what objects are made from.
suitability	Suitability means having the properties which are right for a specific purpose.
properties	This is what a material is like and how it behaves (soft, stretchy, waterproof).

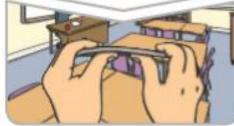
Squash an object by pushing both hands together.



Twist an object by turning your hands in opposite directions.



Bend an object by grabbing both ends of the object and bringing the ends inwards together.



Stretch an object by pulling your hands slowly and gently apart.



Key Knowledge

Properties of Materials



wood: hard, stiff, strong, opaque, can be carved into any shape.





plastic: waterproof, strong, can be made to be flexible or stiff, smooth or rough.



metal: strong, hard, easy to wash.



paper: lightweight, flexible.



cardboard: strong, light, stiff.



h eld stro

rubber: hard-wearing, elastic, flexible, strong.